

TEXT LISTING

068-001713-00

PROGRAM

MICRONOVA MICRODAC I/O
DIAGNOSTIC & EXERCISER

TEXT TAPE

097-001713-00

ABSTRACT

MDAC (THE MICRONOVA MP100/MP200 4335-S A/D,D/A DIGITAL INTERFACE DIAGNOSTIC AND EXERCISER) CONSISTS OF SEVERAL PROGRAMS THAT AID THE TECHNICIAN IN TESTING AND REPAIRING THE MICRODAC I/O INTERFACE. THESE PROGRAMS ARE LISTED ON PAGE TWO, SECTION 4 OF THIS LISTING.

COPYRIGHT © DATA GENERAL CORPORATION, 1979
ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. PRINTED IN U.S.A.

ONLY FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PURPOSES
ON DATA GENERAL CORPORATION MANUFACTURED
EQUIPMENT.

THE AFFIXATION OF A COPYRIGHT NOTICE ON THIS
DIAGNOSTIC MATERIAL IS NOT INTENDED BY ITSELF
TO RENDER THE DISTRIBUTION OF THIS DIAGNOSTIC
MATERIAL A PUBLICATION.

NOTICE

DATA GENERAL CORPORATION (DGC) HAS PREPARED
THIS DIAGNOSTIC MATERIAL FOR USE BY DGC
PERSONNEL AND CUSTOMERS AS A GUIDE TO THE
PROPER MAINTENANCE OF DGC EQUIPMENT AND
SOFTWARE. THE DIAGNOSTIC MATERIALS CONTAINED
HEREIN ARE THE PROPERTY OF DGC AND SHALL
NEITHER BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART WITHOUT
DGC'S PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL NOR BE IMPLIED TO
GRANT ANY LICENSE TO MAKE, USE, OR SELL EQUIPMENT
OR SOFTWARE MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE HEREWITH.

```

0001 .MAIN AOS ASSEMBLER REV 02.05 16:20:11 08/22/79
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
*****
? TEXT CONTENTS:
?1. PROGRAM NAME
?2. MACHINE REQUIREMENTS
?3. TEST REQUIREMENTS
?4. SUMMARY
?5. RESTRICTIONS
?6. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION/THEORY OF OPERATION
?6.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION/INFORMATION
?6.2 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION: * DIAGNOSTIC *
?6.2.1 NON-LOOPBACK
?6.2.2 LOOPBACK
?6.4 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION: * CALIBRATION *
?6.4.1 THEORY OF OPERATION
?6.4.2 OUTPUT FORMAT
?6.4.3 SETUP SUMMARY REPORT
?6.4.4 ANALOG DISCUSSION
?6.4.5 CAT/KITTEN NOTES
?7. OPERATING MODES/SWITCH COMMANDS
?7.1 SWITCH OPTIONS
?7.2 SWITCH COMMANDS
?7.2.1 OTHER COMMANDS
?8. OPERATING PROCEDURE/OPERATOR INPUTS
?8.1 DIAGNOSTIC
?8.2 CALIBRATION
?8.2.1 DAC CALIBRATION
?8.2.2 A/D CALIBRATION
?8.3 A/D HISTOGRAM
?9. PROGRAM OUTPUT/ERROR DESCRIPTION
?9.1 ERROR DESCRIPTIONS: GENERAL
?9.2 ERROR DESCRIPTIONS: * DIAGNOSTIC *
?9.2.1 ERROR FORMAT
?9.2.2 ERROR SUMMARY REPORT
?9.3 ERROR DESCRIPTIONS: * CALIBRATION *
?9.4 ERROR DESCRIPTIONS: * A/D HISTOGRAM *
?9.4.1 ERROR SUMMARY REPORT
?9.4.2 DEBUG HELP
?10. CONVENTIONS AND SYMBOLS
?10.1 COMMAND STRUCTURE
?10.2 OUT COMMANDS
?10.3 OPENING INTERNAL CELLS
?10.3.1 MODIFICATION OF A CELL
?10.3.2 OTHER OUT COMMANDS
?10.3.3 PROGRAM SUBROUTINES
?11. SPECIAL NOTES/SPECIAL FEATURES
?11.1 USER/TEST CONNECTIONS
?11.2 LOOPBACK CONNECTOR
?12. RUNTIME
*****
0002 .MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
*****
? NAME: MDAC.TX PART NUMBER: 097-001713
? DESCRIPTION: MICRO-NOVA MP100/MP200 4335-S A/D, D/A, DIGITAL
INTERFACE (MICRODAC) DIAGNOSTIC/EXERCISER
? REVISION HISTORY:
? REV. DATE
? 00 8/21/79
?
? DATA GENERAL CORPORATION, 1979
? ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
? FOR MAINTENANCE PURPOSES ONLY
?
? THE AFFIXATION OF A COPYWRITE NOTICE ON THIS
DIAGNOSTIC MATERIAL IS NOT INTENDED BY ITSELF
TO RENDER THE DISTRIBUTION OF THIS DIAGNOSTIC
MATERIAL A PUBLICATION.
?
? NOTICE
?
? DATA GENERAL CORPORATION (DGC) HAS PREPARED
THIS DIAGNOSTIC MATERIAL FOR USE BY DGC PER-
SONNEL AND CUSTOMERS AS A GUIDE TO THE PROPER
MAINTENANCE OF DGC EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE.
THE DIAGNOSTIC MATERIALS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE
THE PROPERTY OF DGC AND SHALL NEITHER BE RE-
PRODUCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART WITHOUT DGC'S
PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL NOR BE IMPLIED TO GRANT
ANY LICENSE TO MAKE, USE, OR SELL EQUIPMENT OR
SOFTWARE MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE HEREWITH.
*****

```

```

10003  *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION/THEORY OF OPERATION:
-----
GENERAL DESCRIPTION & INFORMATION:
-----
THIS PROGRAM CONSISTS OF SEVERAL DIFFERENT ROUTINES THAT ARE USED TO TEST TO THE LOGIC LEVEL ALL FUNCTIONS CALIBRATE THE A/D AND DAC MODULES, 3)TEST A/D & DAC CONVERTER STABILITY UNDER DIFFERENT OPERATING MODES AND CONDITIONS AND 4)EVALUATE OVERALL A/D AND DAC CONVERTER PERFORMANCE. IT IS A VERY FLEXIBLE PROGRAM THAT ALLOWS SELECTING TESTS FROM A SINGLE STARTING ADDRESS, ENTERING AN INTERNAL OCTAL DEBUGGER FOR ERROR ISOLATION, AND OTHER FUNCTIONS.

THIS EXERCISER CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ROUTINES, THAT WILL BE DESCRIBED IN FULL:
1) LOGIC LEVEL DIAGNOSTIC
2) A/D AND DAC CALIBRATION
3) A/D HISTOGRAM (WITH OR WITHOUT DCH EXERCISER)

THE DIAGNOSTIC PROGRAM TESTS TO THE FUNCTIONAL BLOCK LEVEL ASSURED MICRODAC FUNCTIONS. WHEN AN ERROR OCCURS INFORMATION IS GIVEN TO ALLOW ISOLATION OF THE PROBLEM.

THE CALIBRATION PROGRAM ENABLES ACCURATE OFFSET AND GAIN ADJUSTMENTS ON THE CONVERTER MODULES TO BE MADE. ACCURATE CALIBRATION IS NECESSARY TO INSURE A/D AND DAC DATA VALIDITY.

THE A/D HISTOGRAM IS A TEST OF STABILITY AND NOISE CHARACTERISTICS FOR THE A/D (AND DAC) CONVERTER AND MULTIPLEXOR SECTIONS. THE OPTION OF RUNNING THE DATA CHANNEL (UCH) EXERCISER IS PROVIDED TO ALLOW CHECKING OF SYSTEM BEHAVIOR IN THE PRESENCE OF OTHER SYSTEM ACTIVITY (NOISE).

10004  *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40

PROGRAM NAME:
-----
MICRO-NOVA MP100/MP200 MICRODAC DIAGNOSTIC/ EXERCISER

MACHINE REQUIREMENTS:
-----
1. MICRO-NOVA MP100/MP200 CENTRAL PROCESSOR WITH AT LEAST 6K READ/WRITE (RAM) MEMORY (12K IF USING CATS/KITTEN OCH EXERCISER)
2. MICRO-NOVA MP100/MP200 CTTY INTERFACE
3. TELETYPE OR CRT TERMINAL
4. PAPER TAPE READER AND/OR DISKETTE DRIVE

TEST REQUIREMENTS:
-----
1. MICRO-NOVA MP100/MP200 4335-S MICRODAC INTERFACE
2. MICRODAC DIAGNOSTIC/CALIBRATION/HISTOGRAM PROGRAM - AB TAPE PART # 095 - 001713
3. LISTING PART # 096 - 001713
4. DIAGNOSTIC LOOPBACK CONNECTOR (SEE SEC. 11.3)
5. FOR ACCURATE A/D CONVERTER CALIBRATION, A PRECISION VOLTAGE SOURCE WILL BE NECESSARY.
6. FOR ACCURATE DAC CALIBRATION A 4 DIGIT DIGITAL MULTIMETER (OR VOLTMETER) WILL BE NECESSARY.

SUMMARY:
-----
MICRODAC DIAGNOSTIC/HISTOGRAM PROGRAMS THAT AID THE TECHNICIAN IN TESTING/REPAIRING THE MICRODAC I/O INTERFACE. THESE INCLUDE:
- MICRODAC DIAGNOSTIC (LOGIC LEVEL TEST ALLOWING ISOLATION OF FAULTS)
- A/D AND DAC CALIBRATION (ALLOWS EASY METHOD OF THE A/D AND DAC CALIBRATION)
- A/D HISTOGRAM & HISTOGRAM WITH DATA CHANNEL EXERCISER (READS AND SORTS ONE MUX CHANNEL'S VALUES INTO A HISTOGRAM FOR A/D CONVERTER TESTING)

RESTRICTIONS:
-----
1. THIS PROGRAM CAN TEST ONE MICRODAC AT A TIME.

```

```

10005 .MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION: *** DIAGNOSTIC ***
THIS PROGRAM CONSISTS OF:(1)SUBTESTS THAT WILL RUN
EITHER WITH OR WITHOUT THE LOOPBACK AND (2) SUBTESTS
THAT WILL ONLY RUN WITH THE LOOPBACK CONNECTOR IN PLACE
(SEE SEC. 11.2 FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THIS CONNECTOR).
THE PROGRAM WILL EXECUTE EITHER ALL (LOOPBACK) OR
SOME (NON-LOOPBACK) OF THE SUBTESTS. UPON COMPLETION,
A PASS MESSAGE WILL BE PRINTED AND THE PROGRAM WILL
CONTINUE RUNNING THOSE TESTS (SEE SECTION 9.2 FOR
ERROR REPORTING DESCRIPTION).
HITTING A CONTROL-R (^R) WILL STOP EXECUTION AND
RETURN TO THE TEST SELECT PROMPT.

16.2.1 THE NON-LOOPBACK DIAGNOSTIC PORTION :
WILL TEST ABOUT TWO-THIRDS OF THE ON-BOARD LOGIC.
THE DIAGNOSTIC EDGECARD CONNECTOR NEED NOT BE INSTALLED.
THE DIGITAL OUTPUT PORT (DDP), DIGITAL INPUT PORT (DIP),
EXTERNAL A/D MULTIPLEXOR CHANNELS (4), AND HANDSHAKING
LINES CANNOT BE TESTED BY THIS PART OF THE PROGRAM DUE
TO THEIR OPEN-ENDED NATURE.

16.2.2 THE LOOPBACK DIAGNOSTIC PORTION :
WILL TEST MOST OF THE REMAINING ON-BOARD LOGIC (99+ %).
THE DIAGNOSTIC EDGECARD CONNECTOR MUST BE INSTALLED
TO USE THIS PORTION OF THE DIAGNOSTIC. THIS CONNECTOR
LOOPS THE 32 DDP/DIP LINES TOGETHER, TIES THE DAC TO
THE 4 EXTERNAL A/D CHANNELS THROUGH A RESISTOR NETWORK,
AND ALSO TIES HANDSHAKING LINES TOGETHER IN A WAY THAT
ALLOWS THE DIAGNOSTIC TO TEST THEIR ASSOCIATED LOGIC.
THE A/D "RESULT STATUS" HANDSHAKING SIGNAL(OUTPUT ONLY)
IS NOT LOOPED BACK BY THE TEST CONNECTOR. THE LOGIC NOT
CHECKED IS 1 O.C.AND-GATE AND 1 PULLUP RESISTOR.
THE A/D "CONV STATUS" BIT-DIRECTIONAL LINE IS LOOPED TO
THE OUTPUT ONLY DAC "DATA VALID" LINE. ANOTHER O.C.AND-
GATE (BUFFERING A/D ECC) IS MISSED AS A RESULT.
NO PROVISION HAS BEEN MADE TO TIME THE FOUR MICRODAC
ONE-SHOTS (THE PROGRAM DOES VERIFY FUNCTIONALITY).

10006 .MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION: *** CALIBRATION ***
THIS PROGRAM PROVIDES A SIMPLE METHOD OF CALIBRATING
BOTH THE DAC AND A/D CONVERTER.
* DAC CALIBRATION *
SEE SECTION 8.2.1 FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE DAC
CALIBRATION ROUTINE.
* A/D CALIBRATION *
A/D CALIBRATION BASICALLY INVOLVES THE SELECTION
OF A VOLTAGE HALF-WAY BETWEEN TWO DISCRETE AND
BORDERING VALUES (CALLED VAL1 & VAL2). THE A/D CONVERTER
IS THEN ADJUSTED UNTIL ABOUT HALF OF THE SAMPLES TAKEN
FALL ON EITHER SIDE OF THIS HALF-WAY VOLTAGE.
THE PROGRAM STARTS BY TAKING 256. SAMPLES OF THE
CHANNEL SPECIFIED. IT THEN CALCULATES THE AVERAGE AND
CHECKS IF EITHER VAL1 OR VAL2 IS EQUAL TO IT.
IF THE AVERAGE DOESN'T EQUAL VAL1 OR VAL2, THE #
OF BITS DIFFERENCE ( GREATER THAN VAL2 OR LESS THAN
VAL1) IS CALCULATED AND OUTPUT.
IF THE AVERAGE DOES EQUAL VAL1 OR VAL2, THE 256.
VALUES ARE SORTED INTO TWO BINS: THOSE GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO VAL2, AND THOSE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO
VAL1. THESE TWO NUMBERS ARE THEN OUTPUT.
SEE SECTION 6.2.2 FOR A DESCRIPTION OF A/D CONVERTER
CALIBRATION PROCEDURE.

```

10007 .MAIN

10008 .MAIN

```

01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52

```

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION: *** A/D HISTOGRAM ***

THIS PROGRAM IS INTENDED TO BE USED AS A MEANS OF CHECKING A/D CONVERTER NOISE AND STABILITY CHARACTERISTICS. THE PROGRAM CONTINUALLY SAMPLES A SINGLE, SPECIFIED MULTIPLEZOR CHANNEL, STORES THE DATA IN A BLOCK, THEN SORTS THE CONVERTED DATA INTO A HISTOGRAM. THE CYCLE THEN REPEATS. THE HISTOGRAM RESULTS CAN BE SEEN AT ANY TIME BY HITTING THE "SPACE" BAR.

THIS PROGRAM MAY ALSO BE USED AS A CROSSTALK CHECK BY ATTACHING ASSORTED VOLTAGES/WAVEFORMS TO THE UNUSED A/D INPUTS AND MONITORING ANY DEGRADATION OF THE RESULTANT HISTOGRAM.

THEORY OF OPERATION:

THE PROGRAM WILL DETERMINE THE CENTER VALUE (CO) BY TAKING 64 SAMPLES FROM THE CHANNEL SPECIFIED, AND USING THEIR AVERAGE AS THE CENTER VALUE (NOTE THAT THIS MEANS THE FULLEST BIN ISN'T NECESSARILY THE CO VALUE).

THE HISTOGRAM SORTS DATA BY COMPARING EACH DATUM RECEIVED AGAINST THE CENTER VALUE. IF THEY ARE EQUAL, THE COUNT CORRESPONDING TO THE HISTOGRAM "CO" IS INCREMENTED. IF THE DATUM IS 1 TO 5 BITS GREATER THAN THE CENTER VALUE, THEN ITS RESPECTIVE "*" BIN COUNT IS INCREMENTED. IF THE DATUM IS MORE THAN 5 LSB'S GREATER THAN CENTER, THEN THE "***" BIN COUNT IS INCREMENTED. SIMILARLY THE "-" BINS ARE INCREMENTED IF THE DATUM IS 1 TO 5 LSB'S LESS AND "---" IS INCREMENTED IF MORE THAN 5 LSB'S LESS THAN THE CENTER VALUE.

THEREFORE THE SAMPLE COUNTS NEXT TO THE HISTOGRAM BIN LABELS REPRESENT THE # OF RECEIVED DATA THAT EQUALLED THE CORRESPONDING # OF BITS ABOVE, BELOW OR EQUAL TO THE CENTER VALUE. FOR EXAMPLE, "11349" INDICATES THAT 349 OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN WERE 1 LSB (LEAST SIGNIFICANT BIT) GREATER THAN THE CENTER VALUE.

ASSUMING A STABLE SIGNAL SOURCE, WE CAN GET A FEEL FOR THE A/D CONVERTER STABILITY BY LOOKING AT THE HISTOGRAM RESULTS. A STABLE A/D SHOULD HAVE A MAJOR PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES TAKEN EQUAL TO THE CENTER VALUE WITH RELATIVELY SMALL DISTRIBUTION AROUND IT, AND WITH THE SAMPLE COUNTS DECREASING RAPIDLY AS THE LSB DEVIATION INCREASES.

```

16.4.2 OUTPUT FORMAT:
; HISTOGRAM RESULTS ARE PRINTED OUT AS FOLLOWS:
;
; C=XXXX MV=YYYY # OF SAMPLES=(#)
; MUX CHANNEL = (#) CLK TYPE = NNNN
;
; --- (DECIMAL #)
; " "
; - - - "
; + - - "
; + - - "
; + - - "
; + - - "
; + - - "
; + - - "
;
; WHERE: XXXX IS THE OCTAL HISTOGRAM CENTER VALUE
;        YYYY IS THE MILLIVOLT EQUIVALENT OF THE
;             CENTER VALUE (+/- 1 LSB).
;        NNNN IS THE A/D CLOCK TYPE
;             # OF SAMPLES IS THE TOTAL # OF CONVERSIONS
;             TAKEN AND SORTED IN DECIMAL.
;             THE MUX CHANNEL NUMBER IS OCTAL.
;
16.4.3 SET-UP SUMMARY REPORT:
;
; THIS CAN BE OBTAINED ANY TIME BY ENTERING A *S
; (CNTRL S). ITS FORMAT IS:
;
; "CLOCK TYPE =" (CPU/INT/EXT CLK)
; "CHANNEL =" (0-7 OCTAL)
; "HISTO MODE =" (AUTO/MANUAL)
; " * * CAT RUNNING * *" --(ONLY IF CAT IS RUNNING)
;
16.4.4 ANALOOP DISCUSSION:
;
; PROVIDED IS A SPECIAL TEST CHANNEL (#5) THAT ALLOWS
; THE A/D CONVERTER TO READ THE DAC'S OUTPUT VOLTAGE.
; THE NAME GIVEN TO THIS LOOP--AROUND OF DAC TO A/D
; CONVERTER IS "ANALOOP".
; THE HISTOGRAM PROGRAM ALLOWS SELECTION OF THE ANALOOP
; AS A REGULAR INPUT.
;

```

```

10009 *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29

```

```

10010 *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53

```

```

?6.4.5 CAT/KITTEN : "I/O ADDR ERROR" DURING OUTPUT REQUEST
;
; ** ONLY APPLIES IF THE D005 REV IS 4.0 OR GREATER **
; USE ONLY I/O TESTER AS CAT/KITTEN DEVICE BEFORE REV 4
;
; WHEN RUNNING THIS PROGRAM WITH THE DCH EXERCISER (CATS),
; DURING AN OUTPUT REQUEST, THE DCH EXERCISER MAY REPORT
; AN "I/O ADDR ERROR" FOLLOWED BY TWO OCTAL NUMBERS.
; THIS ERROR, IF IT OCCURS, SHOULD ONLY BE REPORTED WHEN
; AN OUTPUT REQUEST IS MADE (I.E. HISTOGRAM RESULTS
; PRINTOUT TO THE TTY), AND WILL BE REPORTED MORE OFTEN
; FOR CONSOLES THAT HAVE SLOW BAUD RATES. THIS ERROR
; INDICATES THAT AN INTERRUPT WAS NOT RECEIVED FROM THE
; DISK WITHIN 20 MS FROM INITIATION OF A DISK DCH CYCLE
; (DUE TO DISABLED INTERRUPTS DURING THIS TIME PERIOD
; IN THE A/D EXERCISER PROGRAM). THESE ERRORS SHOULD NOT,
; HOWEVER, BE REPORTED DURING NORMAL HISTOGRAM OPERATION
; (I.E. DURING CONTINUOUS PERIODS OF A/D SAMPLING WITHOUT
; ANY OUTPUT REQUESTS). IF ALLOWED TO RUN LONG ENOUGH
; WITHOUT OUTPUT REQUESTS, THE DCH EXERCISER SHOULD
; INDICATE A PASS BY PRINTING "P" ON THE OUTPUT DEVICE
; (UNLESS A HARD ERROR ACTUALLY EXISTS IN THE DISK). THE
; FIRST "P" SHOULD OCCUR WITHIN APPROXIMATELY 5 MINUTES
; FROM THE STARTING OF THE DCH EXERCISER.
;
; NOTE: SEE DGC PART # 084-782 FOR INFORMATION PERTAINING
; TO THE DTOS MOVING HEAD DISK DCH EXERCISER PROGRAM.

```

```

OPERATING MODES/SWITCH COMMANDS:
-----
LOCATION "SMREG" IS USED TO SELECT THE PROGRAM OPTIONS
(LAND SPECIAL OPTIONS), WHILE RUNNING UNDER DTOS,
THIS LOCATION WILL BE LOADED BY THE MONITOR.
HOWEVER UNDER STAND ALONE AND PROGRAM LOAD MODES THIS
LOCATION WILL BE SET ACCORDING TO THE ANSWERS SUPPLIED
BY THE OPERATOR. IN ANY CASE THE OPTIONS CAN BE CHANGED
OR VERIFIED BY USING ONE OF THE COMMANDS GIVEN IN SEC.
7.2

SWITCH OPTIONS - STANDARD (DTOS) SWITCHES:
DIFFERENT BITS AND THEIR INTERPRETATION AT LOCATION
"SMREG" IS AS FOLLOWS:

BIT      OCTAL  BINARY  INTERPRETATION
        VALUE  VALUE
1        40000  1      LOOP ON ERROR
        DO NOT LOOP ON ERROR
2        20000  0      PRINT TO CONSOLE
        DO NOT PRINT OUT TO CONSOLE
5        02000  1      DO NOT PRINT ON THE LINE PRINTER
        PRINT ON THE LINE PRINTER
6        01000  1      DO NOT HALT ON ERROR
        HALT ON ERROR
7        00400  1      DO NOT PRINT ERROR SUMMARY
        PRINT ERROR SUMMARY
E        00002  1      DO NOT CLEAR HISTOGRAM ON OUTPUT
        START NEW HISTOGRAM ON OUTPUT
        (** MANUAL MODE ONLY **)

```

```

SWITCH COMMANDS
ONCE THE PROGRAM STARTS EXECUTING THE STATE OF ANY OF
THE BITS CAN BE CHANGED BY HITTING KEYS 1-9, A-F. THE
PROGRAM WILL CONTINUE RUNNING AFTER UPDATE OF OPTIONS.
EACH KEY WILL COMPLEMENT THE STATE OF THE BIT AFFILIAT-
ED WITH IT, THUS BIT 4 CAN BE ALTERED BY HITTING KEY 4.
SETTING OF ANY BIT OF LOCATION "SMREG" WILL SET BIT 0.
(DEFAULT MODE IS DEFINED AS ALL BITS OF SMREG SET TO 0)
THE PROGRAM CAN BE LOCKED INTO SWITCH MODIFICATION MODE
BY TYPING A 0, IN WHICH CASE MORE THAN ONE BIT CAN BE
CHANGED BEFORE CONTROL IS ALLOWED TO RETURN TO THE
MAIN PROGRAM.

```

```

10011 *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55

?7.e=1
?UTHERM COMMANDS
?"CR" A "RETURN" CAN BE TYPED TO CONTINUE THE PROGRAM
AFTER ITS LOCKED IN A SWITCH MODIFICATION MODE
?"D THIS COMMAND GIVEN AT ANY TIME WILL RESET "SMREG"
TO DEFAULT MODE AND RESTART THE PROGRAM.
?"K THIS COMMAND GIVEN AT ANY TIME WILL RESTART THE
PROGRAM. SWITCHES ARE LEFT WITH THE VALUES THEY
HAD BEFORE THE COMMAND WAS ISSUED.
?"O THIS COMMAND GIVEN AT ANY TIME WILL CAUSE THE
PROGRAM TO GO TO THE OCTAL DEBUG TOOL (ODT).
?M THIS COMMAND GIVEN AT ANY TIME WILL PRINT THE
CURRENT VALUE OF THE SWITCHES (OPERATING MODES).

?8. OPERATING PROCEDURE/OPERATOR INPUTS:
?-----
?NOTE: THE POWER SHOULD ALWAYS BE OFF DURING INSERTION
AND REMOVAL OF THE MICRODAC (OR ANY BOARD)
?INTO MICRO NOVA CHASSIS.
?
? TO RUN THIS PROGRAM :
?
? 1. INSERT MICRODAC INTO AN I/O SLOT WITH THE
? INTERRUPT PRIORITY (/INTP/) AND DEVICE CODE
? PROPERLY JUMPED.
? 2. INSTALL LOOP-AROUND CONNECTOR, IF AVAILABLE,
? ON THE BACKPLANE A-PAD.
? 3. LOAD THE PROGRAM VIA PAPER TAPE OR DDOS DISKETTE.
? 4. STARTING ADDRESS IS 200 (OR 500) OCTAL
? 5. THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:
?
?"DEVICE CODE ="
?
? ENTER 6-BIT DEVICE CODE OF THE MICRODAC IN OCTAL.
?(MUST BE < 77 OCTAL).
? A (CR) SELECTS LAST # ENTERED (INITIAL DEFAULT=40)
?
?"TEST(D=DIAGNOSTIC,C=CALIBRATION,H=HISTOGRAM)?"
?
? ENTER D,C,OR H TO SELECT WHICH TEST TO RUN.
? A (CR) SELECTS LAST TEST RUN (INITIAL DEFAULT=D).
?
? 6. FROM HERE CONSULT THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS DEPENDING
? ON TEST SELECTED:
?
? D...SEC. 8.1
? C...SEC. 8.2
? H...SEC. 8.3
?

```

```

10012 *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

?8.1
?OPERATOR PROCEDURE: DIAGNOSTIC
?
? THE DIAGNOSTIC WILL PROMPT WITH :
?
?"IS THE LOOPBACK CONNECTOR INSTALLED (CR=EYES) ?"
?
? IF THE DIAGNOSTIC LOOPBACK CONNECTOR IS INSTALLED,
? HIT "CR". OTHERWISE, HIT "N" FOR NO.
?
? THE PROGRAM RUNS CONTINUOUSLY, OUTPUTTING "PASS #N"
? EVERY PASS OR AN ERROR MESSAGE (SEE SEC. 9.2 FOR ERROR
? DESCRIPTION).
? HITTING A CONTROL-R (^R) WILL RETURN YOU TO THE TEST
? SELECTION QUESTION.
?
?8.2
?OPERATING PROCEDURE: CALIBRATION
?
?*NOTE: ALLOW BOARD TO THERMALLY STABILIZE BEFORE USING
THIS PROGRAM.
?
?UPON ENTRY THE FOLLOWING QUESTION IS ASKED:
?
? CALIBRATE WHICH MODULE(1=DAC,2=A/D) ?
?

```

10013 *MAIN

```

01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39

```

;8.2.1 **DAC CALIBRATION**
 ?
 ? CALIBRATION OF THE DAC INVOLVES THE FINE TUNING OF TWO
 ? 15-TURN VARIABLE RESISTORS (MARKED 'DAC OFFSET' AND 'DAC
 ? SPAN') AND REQUIRES A 4 DIGIT DVM.
 ? THE PROCEDURE FOR DAC CALIBRATION IS STRAIGHTFORWARD.
 ? WHEN THE USER SELECTS DAC CALIBRATION, THE PROGRAM WILL
 ? AUTOMATICALLY OUTPUT THE PROPER CODE FOR 0.000 VOLTS ON
 ? THE DAC. PROGRAM OUTPUT WILL PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:
 ?
 ? "1)REMOVE LOOPBACK CONNECTOR.
 ? 2)ATTACH DVM TO DAC OUTPUT.
 ? 3)ADJUST 'DAC OFFSET' TRIM POT UNTIL DVM READS
 ? 0.000 VOLTS
 ? 4)THEN HIT 'CR' KEY"
 ?
 ? AFTER THE "CR" KEY IS HIT THE PROGRAM WILL OUTPUT -5.000
 ? VOLTS FROM THE DAC. PROGRAM THEN PRINTS:
 ?
 ? 5)NOW ADJUST 'DAC SPAN' TRIM POT SO THAT DVM
 ? READS -5.000 VOLTS.
 ? 6)THEN HIT 'CR' KEY.
 ?
 ? AFTER THE 'CR' KEY IS STRUCK, THE FINAL VALUE OF +4.990
 ? WILL BE OUTPUT. PROGRAM THEN PRINTS:
 ?
 ? 7)QUICK CHECK: DVM SHOULD NOW READ +4.985 TO +4.995
 ? VOLTS. HIT 'CR' TO EXIT TEST.
 ?
 ? NOTE THAT THE FINAL READING CAN BE FROM 4.985 TO 4.995
 ? VOLTS.
 ?
 ? THE ACTUAL DAC OUTPUT AND ANALOG GROUND PIN LOCATIONS
 ? CAN BE FOUND IN SECTION 11.1.1
 ? IF THE TRIM POTS WILL NOT ADJUST THE DAC OUTPUT TO THE
 ? PROPER VALUES (OR IF QUICK CHECK FAILS) THEN A PROBLEM
 ? EXISTS WITH THE DVM, USER CONNECTION, OR CONVERTER.

10014 *MAIN

```

01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49

```

;8.2.2 ** A/U CALIBRATION **
 ?
 ? UPON ENTRY THE FOLLOWING QUESTION IS ASKED:
 ? VOLTAGE SOURCE ON CHANNEL: 0-3, 6(TP1), OR 7(TP2)?
 ?
 ? AFTER SELECTING A CHANNEL, THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS
 ? ARE GIVEN:
 ?
 ? "1)ATTACH SOURCE TO CHANNEL AND ADJUST TO +0.005 VOLTS
 ? 2)TURN 'A/D OFFSET' TRIM POT UNTIL DOUBLE NUMBERS APPEAR
 ? WITH EACH GREATER THAN 100.
 ? (HIT 'CR' TO START/STOP OUTPUT AND 'SPACE' TO PROCEED)"
 ?
 ? AFTER STARTING THE TTY OUTPUT ("CR"), EITHER TWO #9
 ? OR "HI/LO # BITS" WILL BE PRINTED. THE 'A/D OFFSET' POT.
 ? SHOULD BE ADJUSTED UNTIL THE OUTPUT IS TWO THREE-DIGIT
 ? NUMBERS (THEY TOTAL 256.). THE 'SPACE' BAR IS THEN
 ? STRUCK TO CONTINUE:
 ?
 ? "3)NOW ADJUST SOURCE TO -4.917 VOLTS.
 ? 4)TURN 'A/D SPAN' TRIM POT UNTIL DOUBLE NUMBERS AGAIN
 ? APPEAR WITH EACH GREATER THAN 100.
 ? (HIT 'CR' TO START/STOP OUTPUT AND 'SPACE' BAR TO END)"
 ?
 ? THE PROCEDURE OUTLINED ABOVE SHOULD AGAIN BE DONE.
 ? A SAMPLE TTY OUTPUT (W/COMMENTS ADDED) IS SHOWN BELOW:
 ?
 ? "LO 21 BITS"
 ? "LO 25 BITS"
 ? "LO 18 BITS"
 ? "LO 5 BITS"
 ? "LO 3 BITS"
 ? "0 256 "
 ? "30 226 "
 ? "80 176 "
 ? "180 76 "
 ? "256 0 "
 ? "HI 15 BITS"
 ? "HI 4 BITS"
 ? "256 0 "
 ? "199 57 "
 ? "166 90 "
 ? "140 116 "
 ? "134 122 "
 ? "120 136 "
 ? "104 152 "
 ? "113 143 "
 ?
 ? -BEGIN TURNING.
 ? -WRONG DIRECTION.
 ? -NOW RIGHT DIRECTION
 ?
 ? -DOUBLE NUMBERS
 ? -GETTING CLOSE
 ? -TURNED TOO FAR
 ?
 ? -GETTING CLOSE
 ?
 ? -OK: STOP TURNING
 ? (VALUES WILL DRIFT
 ? AROUND BUT SHOULD
 ? BOTH BE GREATER THAN
 ? 100.)


```

10015 .MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60

OPERATING PROCEDURE: HISTOGRAM
THE PROGRAM WILL REQUEST THE FOLLOWING:
"HISTOGRAM TYPE (A=AUTO, R=MANUAL) ?"
*INITIAL DEFAULT=M
IN MANUAL MODE (M): THE HISTOGRAM RUNS CONTINUOUSLY
AND DISPLAYS RESULTS ONLY WHEN THE "SPACE" BAR IS HIT.
IN THIS MODE SWITCH "E" IS USED TO SELECT CONTINUOUS
OR RESTARTING HISTOGRAM (SEE SEC. 7.1).
IN AUTO MODE (A): THE HISTOGRAM RUNS UNTIL A SPECIFIED
NUMBER OF SAMPLES HAS BEEN TAKEN. IT THEN DISPLAYS THE
RESULT, CLEARS ITSELF, AND RUNS AGAIN. HITTING "SPACE"
BAR DISPLAYS THE RESULTS UP TO THAT TIME, THEN IT
CONTINUES NORMALLY. AUTO MODE GETS ITS SAMPLE # FROM
THE FOLLOWING QUESTION:
"K SAMPLES/HISTOGRAM (I=1000,ETC.) & CR : "
*INITIAL DEFAULT=50 (IE 50,000 SAMPLES)
MAXIMUM ENTRY IS 32,767 (IE: 32,767,000 SAMPLES).
"CLOCK TYPE (1=CPU, 2=INT, 3=EXT) ?"
*INITIAL DEFAULT=1
IF THE CAT/KITTEN EXERCISER WAS LOADED WITH THIS
PROGRAM (IE: CLOAD), IT WILL ASK THIS QUESTION:
"RUN DCH EXERCISER (Y=YES) ?"
*INITIAL DEFAULT=N0
RUN CAT/KITTEN ONLY IF: (1)D005 REV# = 4+ OR
(2)CAT/KITTEN DEVICE IS AN I/O TESTER BOARD
THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ARE ALWAYS ASKED:
"WHICH CHANNEL (0-3,4=AGND,5=ANALOG,6=TP1,7=TP2) ?"
*INITIAL DEFAULT=0
"OPTIONAL DAC OUTPUT (0=1777 OCTAL) AND (CR): "
*INITIAL DEFAULT=0000 (NEG.FULL.SCALE)
THE EFFECT OF THIS OUTPUT ON CHANNELS 0-3 (IF LOOP=
BACK CONNECTOR INSTALLED) IS EXPLAINED IN SEC. 11.3
"LOOPBACK CONNECTOR = HISTOGRAM CONSIDERATIONS",
IF NO LOOPBACK CONNECTOR, THEN IT SHOULD ONLY AFFECT
CHANNEL #5 (ANALOG).
IF CAT/KITTEN IS RUNNING, THE PROGRAM WILL PRINT:
"OVERRUN ERRORS NOT CHECKED IN CAT MODE"
(SEE SEC. 6.4.2 FOR HISTOGRAM OUTPUT DESCRIPTION)
*NOTE: TYPING ONLY (CR) IN RESPONSE TO ANY QUESTION
WILL SELECT THE PREVIOUSLY GIVEN PARAMETER (OR
INITIAL DEFAULT IF NO PREVIOUS ANSWER GIVEN).

```

```

0016 .MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40

PROGRAM OUTPUT/ERROR DESCRIPTION:
-----
ALL PROGRAM OUTPUTS, BOTH MESSAGES AND ERROR
REPORTS, ARE CONTROLLED BY THE VALUE OF "SMREG"
(SEE SECTION 8) SWITCHES 2 AND 5 AS FOLLOWS:

SWITCH          PRINTOUT TO
2              5      TTY/CMT  LPI
-----
0              0      YES      NO
1              1      YES      YES
1              1      NO       NO
1              1      NO       YES

ERROR DESCRIPTIONS - GENERAL

THE FOLLOWING THREE ERRORS ARE COMMON TO ALL
PROGRAMS:

1) "FATAL STACK BOUNDARY VIOLATION. SP = (XXXXXX)"
IS REPORTED, FOLLOWED BY A HALT, IF A
STACK BOUNDARY IS CROSSED (256 WDS). XXXXXX
IS THE VALUE OF THE STACK POINTER (OCTAL).
IF CONTINUED, THE PROGRAM WILL RESTART (200).

2) "*** RTC FAILURE ***" IS REPORTED, FOLLOWED
BY A HALT IF THE REAL-TIME CLOCK FAILS TO
CAUSE INTERRUPTS DURING TIMER VALUE CALCULATIONS.

3) "UNIDENTIFIED INTERRUPT = (OVC)"
IS REPORTED IF ANY DEVICE OTHER THAN THE A/D
INTERFACE REQUESTS AN INTERRUPT DURING EXER-
CISER OPERATION. OVC = THE OCTAL DEVICE CODE
OF THE DEVICE REQUESTING THE INTERRUPT. ALSO,
THE PROGRAM WILL ATTEMPT TO CLEAR THE INTERRUPT
BY ISSUING AN 'NIOC' INSTRUCTION TO THE DEVICE.

```

```

10017 *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59

10018 *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42

1) CONVERSION TIME OUT : REPORTED IN THE EVENT THAT
AN INTERRUPT IS NOT RECEIVED WITHIN 50 MICRO-SECONDS
AFTER THE STARTING OF A CPU TRIGGERED CONVERSION.

"CONVERSION TIME OUT" "CPU CLK"
"DIA = "(A/D STATUS)

NO CONVERSION TIMEOUTS ARE REPORTED IF THE TRIGGERING
MODE IS INTERNAL/EXTERNAL CLOCK. IF EITHER OF THESE
MODES IS BEING USED, AND AN ERROR EXISTS, THE PROGRAM
OPERATION IN AUTO-HISTOGRAM WILL APPEAR TO FREEZE.
HITTING THE "SPACE" BAR MAY YIELD A HISTOGRAM WITH
ZERO SAMPLES.

2) A/D STATUS : CHECKED AT THE BEGINNING AND END OF EACH
CONVERSION CYCLE TO INSURE PROPER A/D FUNCTIONING. IF
A STATUS ERROR IS DETECTED DURING PROGRAM OPERATION,
AN A/D STATUS ERROR IS REPORTED ALONG WITH THE GOOD
(GG6GGG) AND BAD (888888) STATUS REGISTER CONTENTS
(D01A).

"A/D STATUS ERROR"
"GOOD/BAD"
GG6GGG 888888

19.4.1 ERROR SUMMARY REPORT :
(OBTAINED WHEN "SWREG" SWITCH 7 GOES FROM 0 TO 1)

THE REPORT FORMAT IS:

"CONVERSION TIME OUTS:" (#)
"A/D STATUS ERRORS:" (#)

ALL COUNTS ARE DECIMAL.

```

```

19.2 ERROR DESCRIPTION: ** DIAGNOSTIC **
ERROR FORMAT:
19.2.1
ERRORS ENCOUNTERED IN THIS PROGRAM ARE OUTPUT IN
THE FOLLOWING FORMAT:
1) PROGRAM NAME,REV #
2) FAILING MODULE MESSAGE
3) DESCRIPTIVE MESSAGE
4) ERROR NUMBER, SUBTEST NUMBER
5) ACCUMULATORS, PC, CARRY
6) SIGNIFICANCE OF AC'S
>> ERROR EXAMPLE #1 <<
PROGRAM NAME: MDAC REV: 00
FAILING MODULE: MICRODAC
*** DOB-TO-DIB DATA TRANSFER ERROR ***
ERROR NUMBER #20 ENCOUNTERED SUBTEST #10
CRY ACO AC1 AC2 PC
0 177777 177776 000077 001234
** AC0=DOB, AC1=DIB **
(INDICATES THAT A MISMATCH OCCURED IN THE LOOPING
BACK OF THE 16 DIGITAL I/O LINES)
>> ERROR EXAMPLE #2 <<
PROGRAM NAME: MDAC REV: 00
FAILING MODULE: MICRODAC
*** ILLEGAL DEVICE CODE CHANGES MDAC DIA ***
ERROR NUMBER #17 ENCOUNTERED SUBTEST #7
CRY ACO AC1 AC2 PC
0 000252 000050 000040 001145
** AC2=MDAC DVC, AC1=BAD DVC **
19.2.2 ERROR SUMMARY REPORT
THE REPORT SHOWN BELOW IS OBTAINED WHEN SWREG
SWITCH 7 GOES FROM 0 TO 1:
ERROR SUMMARY REPORT FOLLOWS
ERROR NUMBER: (#1) (#2) ... (#N)
END OF SUMMARY
WHERE (#1) (#2) ... (#N) IS A LIST OF ALL ERROR
NUMBERS THAT HAVE BEEN DETECTED. IF NO ERRORS
HAVE OCCURED, THEN THE MESSAGE "NO ERRORS ENCOUN-
TERED SINCE LAST SUMMARY" WILL BE REPORTED INSTEAD.
19.3 ERROR DESCRIPTION: ** CALIBRATION **
IN THE CALIBRATION ROUTINE DIA STATUS/TIMEOUT ERRORS
AND UNDEFINED INTERRUPTS ARE CONSIDERED FATAL.
THE PROGRAM WILL RETURN TO THE TEST SELECT QUESTION
IF AN ERROR IS ENCOUNTERED.

```

10019 .MAIN

10020 .MAIN

```

01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60

DEBUG HELP:
-----
*** OCTAL DEBUG TOOL (ODT) ***

THE DIAGNOSTIC IS EQUIPPED WITH A BUILT IN ODT WHICH CAN
BE ACCESSED BY HITTING CONTROL 0 ("O") AT ANY TIME DURING
THE EXECUTION OF THE PROGRAM (AFTER SETTING THE PARA-
METERS).
ON ENTERING ODT THE ADDRESS OF THE LOCATION HAVING THE
NEXT INSTRUCTION TO BE EXECUTED WILL BE TYPED-OUT.

CONVENTIONS AND SYMBOLS
? THE FOLLOWING CONVENTIONS ARE USED BY THE ODT:
POND WITH A "2"
@ ODT IS READY AND AT YOUR SERVICE.

COMMAND STRUCTURE
AN ODT COMMAND HAS THE FOLLOWING FORMAT:
[ARGUMENT] [COMMAND]
AN ARGUMENT MAY BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
"EXP" AN OCTAL EXPRESSION CONSISTING OF OCTAL NUMBERS
SEPARATED BY PLUS (+) OR MINUS (-) SIGNS. LEAD-
ING ZEROS NEED NOT BE TYPED.
"ADR" AN ADDRESS IS THE SAME AS AN EXPRESSION EXCEPT
THAT BIT 0 IS NEGLECTED.
A COMMAND IS A SINGLE TELETYPE CHARACTER

ODT COMMANDS
THE LOCATIONS THAT CAN BE EXAMINED AND MODIFIED BY THE
USER ARE CALLED CELLS. THESE CELLS ARE OF TWO TYPES:
INTERNAL CPU CELLS AND MEMORY LOCATIONS.

10.3.1 OPENING INTERNAL CELLS
THE COMMAND TO OPEN ONE OF THE INTERNAL REGISTERS IS OF
THE FORM "NA" WHERE N IS ANY OCTAL EXPRESSION BETWEEN
0 AND 7
0-3 FOR ACCUMULATORS 0-3
4 FOR PC OF THE NEXT INSTRUCTION TO BE EXECUTED IN
THE EVENT OF A "P" COMMAND.
5 CPU AND I/O STATUS
BIT INTERPRETATION
15 STATUS OF I/O DONE FLAG
14 STATUS OF INTERRUPTS (ION FLAG)
13 STATUS OF CARRY BIT
6 ADDRESS OF THE LOCATION HAVING THE BREAK POINT
(IF ANY)
7 INSTRUCTION AT THE BREAK POINT LOCATION

OTHER COMMANDS TO OPEN CELLS ARE:
"ADR"/ OPEN THE CELL AND PRINT ITS CONTENTS
"/ OPEN THE CELL CURRENTLY POINTED TO BY THE
POINTER AND PRINT ITS CONTENTS.
"+ADR"/ADD "ADR" TO THE POINTER, OPEN THE CELL AND
PRINT ITS CONTENTS.
"-ADR"/SUBTRACT "ADR" FROM THE POINTER, OPEN THE CELL
AND PRINT ITS CONTENTS.
"CR" THE RETURN KEY IS USED TO CLOSE THE OPEN CELL
WITH OR WITHOUT MODIFICATION.
"LF" LINE FEED IS USED TO CLOSE THE OPEN CELL WITH OR
WITHOUT MODIFICATION AND TO OPEN THE SUCCEEDING
CELL.
" " CLOSE THE OPEN CELL WITH OR WITHOUT MODIFICATION
AND OPEN THE PRECEDING CELL
/ CLOSE THE OPEN CELL WITHOUT MODIFICATION, AND
OPEN THE CELL POINTED TO BY ITS CONTENTS.
"+ADR"/ CLOSE THE OPEN CELL WITHOUT MODIFICATION, AND
OPEN THE CELL POINTED TO BY ITS CONTENTS."ADR".
"-ADR"/ CLOSE THE OPEN CELL WITHOUT MODIFICATION, AND
OPEN THE CELL POINTED TO BY ITS CONTENTS."ADR".

10.3.2 MODIFICATION OF A CELL
ONCE A CELL HAS BEEN OPENED ITS CONTENTS CAN BE MODIFIED
BY TYPING THE NEW VALUE THE CELL IS TO CONTAIN IN THE
FORM OF AN OCTAL EXPRESSION FOLLOWED BY "CR" OR "LF".
IF A + OR - IS TYPED AS THE FIRST CHARACTER OF THE EX-
PRESSION THEN THE VALUE OF THE EXPRESSION IS ADDED TO OR
SUBTRACTED FROM THE OLD CONTENTS OF THE CELL. THE
ADDRESS ITSELF OR AN EXPRESSION RELATIVE TO THE ADDRESS
CAN BE DEPOSITED BY TYPING A "." OR "."/-OCTAL EXPRESS-
ION". A RUBOUT COMMAND GIVEN RIGHT AFTER OPENING A CELL
ALLOWS THE MODIFICATION OF ITS CONTENTS AS IF THEY WERE
TYPED IN JUST BEFORE THE COMMAND WAS ISSUED.

10.3.3 OTHER ODT COMMANDS
RUBOUT THIS KEY IS USED TO DELETE ERRONEOUSLY TYPED
DIGITS. EACH TIME THE KEY IS PRESSED THE RIGHT
MOST DIGIT IS DELETED AND ECHOED ON THE TERMINAL.
IF THE RUBOUT KEY IS PRESSED RIGHT AFTER OPENING
A CELL THEN IT DELETES THE RIGHT MOST DIGIT OF
THE CELL'S CONTENTS. THIS ALLOWS THE MODIFICATION
OF THE CELL AS IF ITS CONTENTS WERE TYPED IN JUST
BEFORE THE KEY WAS PRESSED.
"ADR"R INSERT A BREAK POINT AT LOCATION "ADR".
ONLY ONE BREAK POINT CAN BE INSERTED AND ANY
ENTRY TO ODT AFTER EXECUTING A BREAK POINT WILL
CAUSE IT TO BE DELETED.
U DELETE THE BREAK POINT IF ANY.
P RESTART THE EXECUTION OF THE PROGRAM AT LOCATION
POINTED BY 4A.
"ADR"R START EXECUTING THE PROGRAM AT "ADR" AFTER AN
I/O-RESET.
K KILL THE STRING TYPED SO FAR. THE ODT RESPONDS
WITH A "?" AND THE OPEN CELL IS CLOSED WITHOUT
MODIFICATION.
= PRINT THE OCTAL VALUE OF THE INPUT ONLY.
THIS WILL CLOSE ANY OPEN CELLS WITHOUT
MODIFICATION AND WILL NOT OPEN A CELL

```

```

0021 *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57

PROGRAM SUBROUTINE DESCRIPTIONS:
NOTE: THESE ARE THE DESCRIPTIONS OF SOME OF THE MOST
COMMONLY USED SUBROUTINES.

1) CALL SCAN = HISTOGRAM SAMPLER/SCANNER
INIT THESE BEFORE ENTERING:
COUNT # OF CONVERSIONS
BSTRT= BLOCK STARTING ADDRESS
CDOAE A/D COMMAND WORD
GDIAE A/D STATUS WORD
RETURNS TO: "SCANR" (CALL+1 WHEN CALL = "SCAN")

2) CALL CHKTTY = PROCESS HISTOGRAM TTY INPUTS
VALID INPUTS ARE:
0-9, A-F SET/CLEAR SELECTED "SWREG" SWITCH
M DISPLAY "SWREG" SWITCHES
ENTER OCTAL DEBUG TOOL (ODT)
CNTRL = 0 RESTART PROGRAM (NO SWREG CHANGE)
CNTRL = R RESTART PROGRAM (DEFAULT SWREG)
CNTRL = S PRINT HISTOGRAM SET-UP SUMMARY
ESC RETURN TO TEST SELECT QUESTION
SPACE REQUEST HISTOGRAM
? PRINT A LIST OF POSSIBLE COMMANDS

ALL INPUTS ARE ECHOED. ANY INVALID INPUT CAUSES
THE MESSAGE "TYPE ? FOR HELP" TO BE PRINTED.

RETURNS TO : CALL +1

3) CALL NOTTY (JSR @INTTY)
MASK OUT TTY INPUT & OUTPUT (TTI/TTO) INTERRUPTS
(PRIORITY MASK BITS: TTI = 14, TTO = 15)

4) CALL READC = READ FROM TTY INPUT DEVICE
RETURNS:
ODT IF CHARACTER IS CONTROL "0"
START IF CHARACTER IS ESCAPE
CALL+1 IF CHARACTER IS CARRIAGE RETURN
CALL+2 IF ANY OTHER CHARACTER => AC0
(7 - BIT ASCII W/PARITY REMOVED)
(AC0 DESTROYED)

5) CALL STDOA
FORMS THE COMPOSITE A/D COMMAND WORD (DOA) FROM THE
PAGE 0 A/D SWITCHES (AUTOS, TRIG, MUXC) AND PUTS
RESULT IN PAGE 0 WORD "CDOA".OVNRN INTEN ALSO SET.
RETURNS : CALL+1 (ALL AC'S SAVED)

10022 *MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53

6) CALL STDIA
FORMS THE EXPECTED A/D STATUS WORD (DIA) FROM THE
PAGE 0 A/D SWITCHES (AUTOS, TRIG, MUXC) AND PUTS
RESULT IN PAGE 0 WORD "GDIA".OVNRN INTEN ALSO SET.
RETURNS : CALL+1 (ALL AC'S SAVED)

7) CALL COATA
AC1 = OCTAL A/D DATA FOR CONVERSION
RETURN:
AC1= CONVERTED DATA (SIGNED DEC. MILLIVOLTS)
(ALL OTHER AC'S SAVED)

8) CALL CLRBLK = CLEAR BLOCK OF MEMORY
CALL+1 = START ADDRESS OF DATA BLOCK
CALL+2 = OCTAL WORD COUNT OF DATA BLOCK
RETURNS TO CALL +3
(NO AC'S SAVED)

9) CALL IWAIT = (DIAGNOSTIC ONLY)
WAITS FOR TIME "DELAY" FOR AN INTERRUPT
RETURNS TO:
CALL+1 IF NO/UNDEFINED INTERRUPT
CALL+2 IF BD STATUS OK A/D OVERRUN INTERRUPT
CALL+3 IF I/O INTERRUPT

AC'S ARE AS FOLLOWS ON RETURN:
TYPE AC0 AC1 AC2
NONE DVC 0 N/C
UNDEFINED DVC BAD N/C
BRD STAT/OVRN DVC N/C DIA
I/O INTR DVC N/C DIA

WHERE:
DVC = MOAC DEVICE CODE
BAD = UNDEFINED DEVICE CODE
N/C = NO CHANGE
DIA = A/D STATUS WORD

"UNDEFINED INTERRUPT = (DVC)"
REPORTED IF ANY DEVICE OTHER THAN MICRODAC IS
REQUESTING AN INTERRUPT.
THE ROUTINE WILL ATTEMPT TO CLEAR THE INTERRUPT
WITH AN 'NIOC' INSTRUCTION ISSUED TO THE DEVICE.

```

```

10023 *.MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31

10) CALL JSR @ICDIC
CHECK A/D CONVERSION AGAINST EXPECTED VALUE.
INPUT:
AC0=DIC
CALL+1: EXPECTED A/D VALUE (LEFT JUSTIFIED)
CALL+2: ALLOWABLE DEVIATION (IN LSB'S)
RETURN:
CALL+3 (ERROR): AC0=DIC A/D VALUE (LEFT JUSTIFIED)
AC1=GOOD A/D VALUE (L.J.)
CALL+4 (NORMAL): AC0,AC2 ARE UNCHANGED
AC1,AC3 ARE DESTROYED

11) CALL JSR @I.CNL
CHECK A/D CHANNEL BITS IN THE DIC
INPUT:AC0=DIC
MUXC=CORRECT CHANNEL
RETURN:
CALL+1 (ERROR): AC0=DIC
AC1=GOOD A/D CHANNEL
AC2=A/D CHANNEL FROM DIC
CALL+2 (NORMAL): AC0-AC2 UNCHANGED
AC3 DESTROYED

10024 *.MAIN
01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31

SPECIAL NOTES/SPECIAL FEATURES:
-----
USER/TEST CONNECTIONS:
-----
:11.1 TEST POINTS:
:11.1.1
:11.1.1.1
THERE ARE FIVE ANALOG TEST PINS ON THE COMPONENT SIDE
OF THE MICRODAC PC BOARD. THEY ALLOW THE CALIBRATION AND
HISTOGRAM PROGRAMS TO BE RUN WITHOUT A USER CONNECTOR:

PIN FUNCTION
---
TP1 A/D CHANNEL 6
TP2 A/D CHANNEL 7
TP3 A/D ANALOG GROUND
TP4 DAC OUTPUT
TP5 DAC ANALOG GROUND

DURING DAC CALIBRATION, BE SURE THE "LOOP-AROUND"
CONNECTOR IS REMOVED (DUE TO LOADING OF THE DAC OUTPUT
BY THE CONNECTOR'S RESISTOR NETWORK.

:11.1.2 USER CONNECTOR (50 PIN)
:11.1.2.1
:11.1.2.1.1
PIN FUNCTION
---
A1-A31(ODD) DIGITAL OUTPUT PORT (MSB=A1)
A2-A32(EVEN) DIGITAL INPUT PORT (MSB=A2)
A33 DOP STATUS (HANDSHAKING)
A34 DIP STATUS (HANDSHAKING)
A35,A36 DIGITAL GROUND
A37 DAC STATUS (HANDSHAKING)
A38 BOARD STATUS (HANDSHAKING)
A39 DAC DATA VALID STROBE
A40 A/D CONVERTER STATUS (HANDSHAKING)
A41 DAC OUTPUT
A42 A/D RESULT STATUS (HANDSHAKING)
A43 DAC ANALOG GROUND
A44 DIGITAL GROUND
A45 A/D INPUT CHANNEL 0
A46 A/D INPUT CHANNEL 1
A47,A48 A/D ANALOG GROUND
A49 A/D INPUT CHANNEL 2
A50 A/D INPUT CHANNEL 3

```

10025 .MAIN

10026 .MAIN

```

01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12

```

```

11.2

```

```

LOOPBACK CONNECTOR:
DIAGNOSTIC CONSIDERATIONS:
TO FULLY TEST MICRODAC, A DIAGNOSTIC LOOPBACK CONNECTOR
MUST BE INSTALLED. THIS CONNECTOR ALLOWS THE TESTING OF:
THE 32 DIGITAL I/O LINES, A MAJORITY OF THE HANDSHAKING
LINES, AND THE 4 EXTERNAL A/D INPUT CHANNELS(0-3).
THE FOLLOWING LOGIC CANNOT BE TESTED WITHOUT THE SPECIAL
LOOPBACK CONNECTOR (APPROXIMATE COUNT):
ONE-SHOTS(1), O.C.-AND-GATES(26), OCTAL LATCHES(2),
SCHMITT-TRIG. 3-STATE BUFFERS(16), 3-STATE BUFFERS(3),
NOR GATES(1), INVERTERS(2), S/R FLOPS(2), D-FLOPS(4),
SCHMITT-TRIG INVERTERS(5), 3-INPUT ANDS(3), OR GATES(2)
8-IN NANDS(1)

```

HISTOGRAM CONSIDERATIONS:

```

THE DAC OUTPUT IS CONNECTED TO THE FOUR EXTERNAL USER
CHANNELS (0-3) BY A RESISTOR NETWORK ON THE LOOPBACK
CONNECTOR. THE EXPECTED VALUES ON THESE CHANNELS ARE
GIVEN BY THE FOLLOWING EQUATIONS AND SHOULD BE WITHIN
ABOUT 5%:

```

```

CH#0 = .444 X DAC OUTPUT
CH#1 = .333 X DAC OUTPUT
CH#2 = .222 X DAC OUTPUT
CH#3 = .111 X DAC OUTPUT
( CH#5 = DAC OUTPUT )

```

CONSTRUCTION:

```

CONNECT THE FOLLOWING WDAC "A-CONNECTOR" PINS TOGETHER:
(A1-A31 000) TO (A2-A32 EVEN)
A33 TO A34
A37 TO A38
A39 TO A40

```

CONNECT:

```

A 2.21 K RESISTOR BETWEEN A41 AND A45
A 442 OHM RESISTOR BETWEEN A45 AND A46
A 442 OHM RESISTOR BETWEEN A46 AND A49
A 442 OHM RESISTOR BETWEEN A49 AND A50
A 442 OHM RESISTOR BETWEEN A50 AND A43
A 0.01 UF CAPACITOR BETWEEN A45 AND A43

```

```

THE VIKING 3VR25/1JMS CONNECTOR (WITH THE EARS REMOVED)
OR EQUIVALENT MAY BE USED.

```

```

01
02
03
04
05
06
07
08
09
10
11
12

```

```

12.

```

```

RUN TIME:
DIAGNOSTIC: 5 MIN FOR FIRST 2 PASSES W/LOOPBACK
CALIBRATOR: N/A 3 MIN FOR FIRST 2 PASSES W/O LOOPBACK
HISTOGRAM: N/A

```

10027 .MAIN

**00000 TOTAL ERRORS, 00000 FIRST PASS ERRORS