

SUBSYSTEM: Local Area Network
Controller

COMPONENT: Transport Layer

PLANNED RELEASE: Mod400 Release 4.0

SPECIFICATION REVISION NUMBER: Working Draft

DATE: January 8, 1986

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This specification describes the current definition of the subject software component, and may be revised in order to incorporate design improvements.

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1. INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

1.1 BACKGROUND

ISO Class 4 Transport component is required to develop as part of the software to support the Local Area Network Controller Subsystem (Lacs). It provides a connection oriented services to the Session Layer or similar user above this transport layer and uses the services of the connectionless network layer below this transport layer. The understanding of the ISO/DIS 8073 specification is a prerequisite to this component specification. The implementation of this module is based on DDI Class 4 ISO Transport Service module. This component describes the area in the product that is outside the DDI transport module. No attempt is made to document the design of the DDI transport module at the time. However, the documents should be available in the next release. Although this component will be fully conformant with the ISO/DIS 8072 and 8073 specifications, it can be used as the sub-net layer to provide a connection oriented subnetwork services to user who requires a reliable link connection service. Therefore, any descriptions on connectionless network services in this document will also apply to logical link control service

1.2 BASIC PURPOSE

The basic purpose of this component is to describe the designs of the ISO Class 4 Transport services, ISO layer 4 which basically provides the following services to users.

- * Connection Establishment
To establish a transport connection between two transport users.
- * Data Transfer
Manages a normal and expedited data transfer between two transport users. Functions such as error detection, error recovery, segmenting and reassembly, flow control are applied all the times.
- * Connection Release
To disconnect the transport connection

This transport layer uses the connectionless network layer to communicate with its peer layer.

A transport layer management service is incorporated in this component to communicate with System Management in the Lacs. This service responds to the System Management primitives such as read statistics, tsap creation and deletion and initiates event indication in case of an unusual event occurs.

1.3 BASIC STRUCTURE

Figure 1 shows the basic structure of the Transport layer. It shows the relationship with its external interfaces as well as its internal structure.

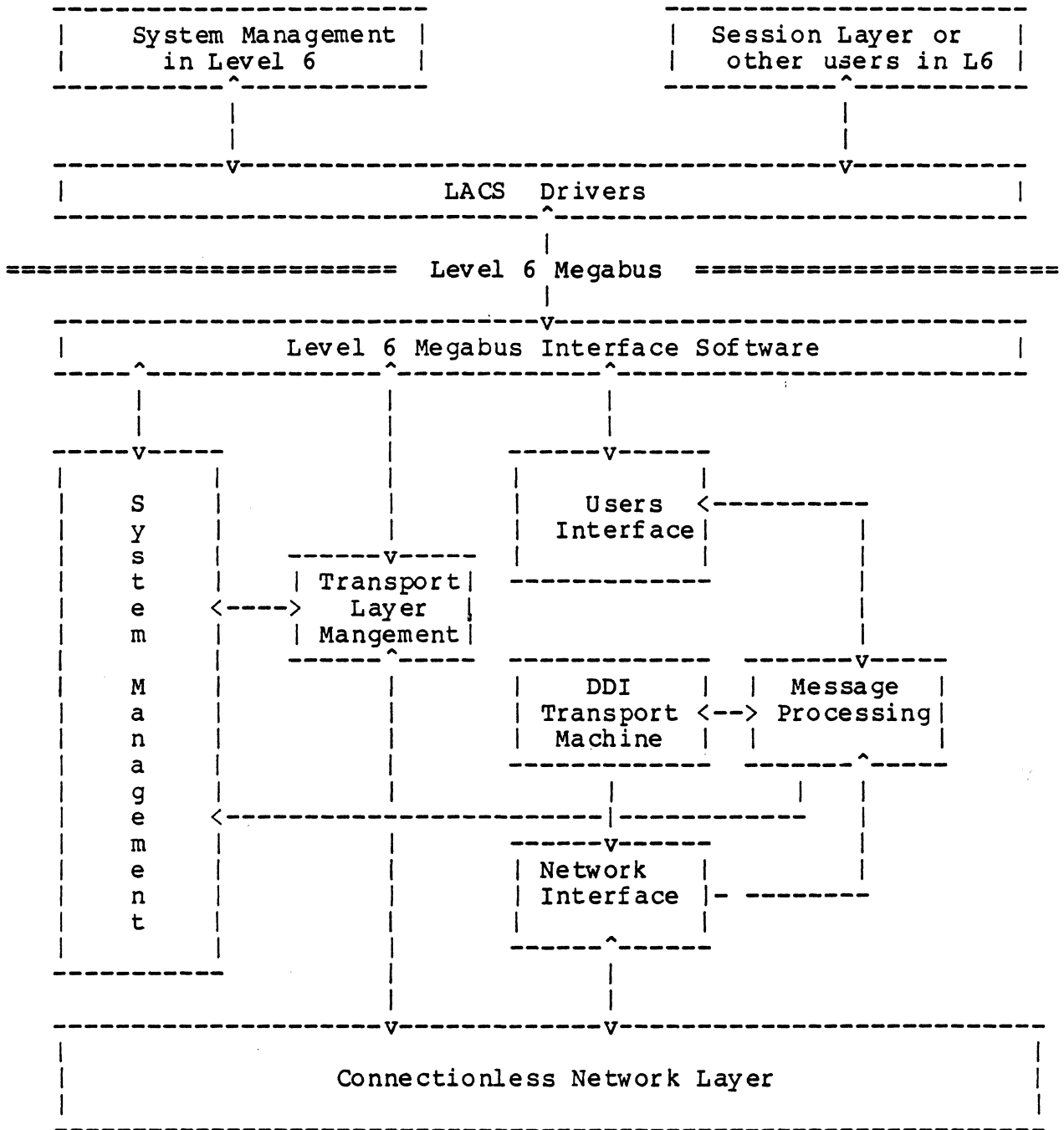


Figure 1 Transport Layer Interface structure

The Transport Layer is physically split across the Level 6 Megabus into two separate functions. The LACS Driver in the Level 6 provides the interface to the Transport users to access the transport service provider in the controller. Requests are made to LACS Driver via \$RQIO/LNJ interface. The LACS Driver then issues the LCB to the transport layer in controller to request specific action. The LCB contains primitives to request the transport layer to establish transport connection, data transfer or release transport connection. As shown in Figure 1 the transport layer consists of 2 separate processes with DDI Transport as its kernel. It provides interfaces to the Session layer in 16 via LACS driver, the System Management and the connectionless network layer in the LACS.

1.4 OPERATION

Before any connection establishment request can be honored the transport layer creates all local and remote tsap tables which are specified by the System Management in the LACS. Next the user issues an activate local and remote TSAP calls to identify the potential link between this local and a peer tsap. An activate remote call will get a logical remote tsap address back which must be used in the subsequent connect request primitive.

Before data can be transferred between a local tsap and a remote tsap the user must issue a connect request primitive to establish a transport connection between two tsaps. The transport layer then performs those functions necessary to establish a connection between two tsap. Negotiation with the remote peer entity determines protocol data unit size; selecting function to use during data transfer phase; identify different transport connections. Upon the completion of connection the user will be informed by returning the connect request primitive with a connection identifier which must be used in all subsequent data transfer primitives for this transport connection.

When a remote connect request arrives, the Transport layer will locate the local TSAP and identify the corresponding tsap in the remote tsap table and inform the user of this connection request by meant of the user supplied tsap event lcb. If the TSAP is not found in the remote table and the local tsap permits dynamic remote tsap creation, it will create a remote tsap and add the entry into its remote table for this local tsap. The dynamic configuration will not be supported until next release.

Transport will provide normal data transfer services as well as expedited data transfer. The Write CO data or Read Co data primitives allow the user to transfer data to a peer user on a transport connection. The transport will use segmenting and reassembling, concatenating and separation, flow control, error detection, transport connection identification, error recovery, normal and expedited data transfer function to accomplish the data transfer function.

Transport will release the transport connection on receiving the disconnect request primitive locally or remotely. When a remote disconnect request is received the transport will inform the user of the disconnect via the event connection indication LCB

1.4.1 Memory Management

In general each process is responsible for its memory allocation and memory release. In the Transport Process when a tpdu is sent to the network layer, it will give a copy of the buffer descriptor to the network layer with no confirmation expected from network layer. The transport process will keep that tpdu until it is acknowledged by its peer. In the receive function incoming tpdus are relayed to level 6 after processing. It is the responsibility of the transport process to release the buffer to memory pool. Currently DDI copies the user data into its own buffer for retransmission and awaiting acknowledgement purposes. before returning the buffer to the user. This must be changed to use the prepend/append kernel to improve performance. Each time a protocol data unit is coming from Level 6 the transport process must allocate the data buffer big enough for the pdu as well as for all the header and padding areas that each layer may use to append its header information before passing down to next layer. This will improve performance and efficiency.

1.4.2 Flow Control

The transport layer will comply the flow control principles specified in the Lan Software EPS and ISO transport protocol specifications. The flow control of the transport layer between the local tsap and its remote tsap is in the DDI transport module. There is no flow control between the network layer and this transport layer.

1.4.2.1 Flow control of tsap event

One and only one tsap event LCB is queued in a local tsap at any given time. Addition tsap event LCB arrives will cause the previous LCB be returned with the new mask but without any event indication. The only event request mask that this transport supports is the connection indication and tsap deactivated.

1.4.2.2 Flow control of write CO data call

There is one write credit count for each local tsap. The tsap write credit count represent the number of additional write data primitives that a user can issue on this tsap. There are two write credit counts for the connection: one for normal data and one for expedited data. They represent the number of additional write normal data and expedited data on this connection. The summation of the connection credits must equal to the tsap write credit count. The flow control between the user and the transport is handled by the transport server in the Level 6. Credits oversubscription is also handled by the Level 6 transport server. Therefore write credits cannot be exceeded within this transport layer. The initial credit is allocated by the system management. Each write primitive causes the count be decremented and each write completion will increment the count as well as return a credit to user. Any write primitive will be returned with status indicating credit exceeded when the tsap write credit is equal to zero. Initial write credits returned in the connection indicate or connection request confirmation will be the smaller of the system administratively set and the connect request/connect confirm primitives.

1.4.2.3 Flow control of read CO data call

There is one read credit count for each local tsap. This credit represents the read data pending orders outstanding. The read credits must be equal to all connection credits for this tsap. There are two read credits counts for each connection: one for normal read data and one for expedited read data. Any read data primitive issued to this local tsap will be returned if the tsap read credit count become zero. Each read order completion will increment the tsap read credit count. The transport will not acknowledge the protocol data unit until it has been transferred to the user's buffer in the Level 6 specified in the read order LCB. Therefore this transport does not buffered any sdu in the controller and this maybe be done at the transport layer server in level 6.

1.4.2.4 Flow control between DDI and Transmit data flow

There is an explicit flow control between the DDI and Transmit function. When DDI transport module cannot transmit data because of its peer flow control it shall call the Transmit function to stop sending data until its peer acknowledges or increases its credits at later time. The Transmit function will not issue any data request until it receives a resume message from DDI transport although it may still move data across the Megabus to be queued in it transmit queue.

1.4.2.5 Flow control between DDI and Receive data flow

There is a mechanism to flow control the DDI incoming data for the user. If for some reasons there is no buffer pending or buffer size is insufficient for the protocol data unit, the receive function will not return a favorable indication to DDI to accept the pdu when DDI indicates data is available for user. This will control the data flow until the condition is cleared.

1.5 Statistics

The transport layer maintains statistics on a tsap basis. Each local tsap when created contains counts such as number of data sent, number of TPDU resent and transport protocol error. These counts will forever increment. System Mangement may issue read statistics to gather all these statistics.

1.6 Timers

The transport layer maintains five timers for its transport operation usages. The fives timers are: retransmission, window, inactivity, reference and giveup timers. The values of these timers are the responsibility of the System Management. They must be setup during local tsap creation. System Mangement may issue read attributes to gather these values.

2. EXTERNAL SPECIFICATION

2.1 Owned Data Structures

The ISO transport layer uses several data structures in its operation. These structures are illustrated in Figure 2 as shown below

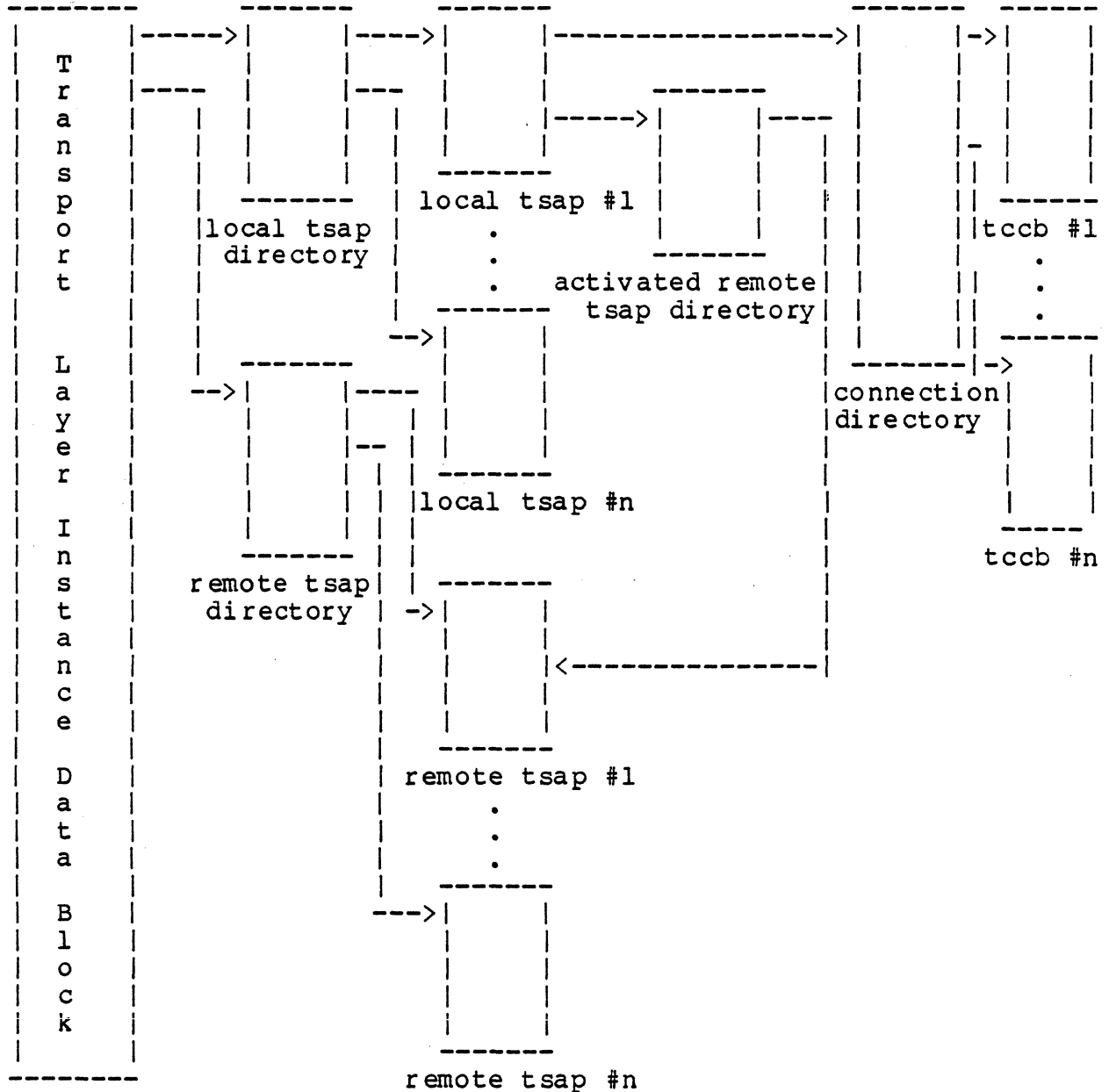


Figure 2

2.1.1 Transport Layer Instance Data Block - TLIDB

This data structure contains some variables that are used in the transport layer operation. Some variables are passed by the System Management during startup time; some are statically created by the Transport Layer.

Layer instance data block

BEGIN

MBID	iold_fc_dir[16]	my iold function mailbox id
MBID	rcv_mailbox;	my receive process mailbox
MBID	xmt_maiblox;	my transmit process mailbox
MBID	dma_mailbox;	IO SW dma mailbox id
MBID	io_mailbox;	IO SW iold dispatcher mb id
MBID	sm_event;	System Management event mb id
MBID	net_sm_id;	network layer management mb id
MBID	net_xmt_id;	network transmit process mb id
MBID	net_rcv_id;	network receive process mb id
unsigned	l_tsap_dir_sz;	max size of local tsap directory
L_TSAP_DIR	*l_tsap_dir	local tsap directory pointer
unsigned	r_tsap_dir_sz;	max size of remote tsap directory
unsigned	max_tran_cxt	max.connections of this layer
R_TSAP_DIR	*r_tsap_dir;	remote tsap directory pointer
unsigned	major_state;	major state
unsigned	substate;	sub state
long	nsdu_size	network service data unit size
		layer instance statistics and attributes
	ulong	

END

This table is created and initialized to null upon the entry of the initialization section of the Transport Layer Management Process. The size of the table is a parameter passed by the System Management when this process is created. A create primitive from the System Management will cause a TSAP entry in the table defined as in the following "C" notation:

```

struct l_tsap
  BEGIN
    short class;           DSA class; not use
    char tsap_name[16];   16 char symbolic names *
    char type[4];         type
    short venue;          Venue
    char majorstate;      Major administrate state
    char substate;        Sub Administrate state
    struct r_tsap *rtsap  remote tsap pointer
    short net_inst;       network layer instance #
    TSAP tsap              transport selector 2 bytes
    NSAP nsap;            network address
    char null;
    char tsap_class;      always class 4
    short log_addr;       logical local TSAP address
    T_EVENT *tsap_evnt    tsap event indication msg ptr
    ushort max_connect    max.# of connect in this tsap
    ushort max_actv;      number of activated remote
                          tsaps in this local tsap
    CONN *connect         connection directory pointer
    C_IND *c_indicate     connection indicate structure
    unsigned dynamic_config dynamic configuration option
    int timer_value[5]    transport timers values
                          local tsap statistics
    ulong ndtoctsent      octets of normal prio data sent
    ulong ndtoctrecd      octets of normal prio data recd
    ulong edtoctsent      octets of expedited data sent
    ulong edtoctrecd      octets of expedited data recd
    ulong tpdusent        number of TPDU's sent
    ulong tpdurecd        number of TPDU's received
    ulong tpduresent      number of TPDU's resent
    ulong dtpdresent      number of DATA TPDU's resent
    ushort atpdresent     number of ack tpdus resent
    ushort disconnect     number of disconnect request
    ushort opnconnect     current open connections
    ushort rfconnect1     refused;all connections in use
    ushort rfconnect2     refused;all other reason
    ushort iconnectok     inbound sucessful connections
    ushort iconnectno     inbound unsuccedful connections
    ushort oconnectok     outbound sucessful connections
    ushort oconnectno     outbound unsucessful connections
    ushort conntimout     timeout connections
    ushort cregresent     connect request resent
    ushort erprotocol     transport protocol errors
    ushort erinvtpdus     invalid TPDU's
  
```

END

2.1.3 Remote TSAP Table

This table is created and initialized to null upon the entry of the initialization section of the Transport Layer Management Process. The size of the table is a parameter passed by the System Management when this process is created. A create primitive from the System Management will cause a TSAP entry in the table defined as in the following "C" notation:

```

struct r_tsap
  BEGIN
    short class;           DSA class; not use
    char tsap_name[16];    16 char symbolic names
    char type[4];         type
    short venue;          Venue
    char majorstate;      Major administrate state
    char substate;        Sub Administrate state
    short net_inst;       network layer instance #
    NSAP nsap;           newtork address
    TSAP tsap            transport selector 2 bytes
    char null;
    char tsap_class;      always class 4
    short log_addr;       logical local TSAP address
  END
define TSAP struct tsap
  struct tsap
  BEGIN
    int len
    unsigned char TSAP[2]
  END
define NSAP struct nsap
  struct nsap
  BEGIN
    unsigned len
    unsigned char afi
    unsigned char subnet[2]
    unsigned char subnetap[7]
    unsigned char NSAP
    unsigned char filler[21]
  END

```

2.1.4 Activated Remote Tsap directory

This directory contains an array of pointers to remote tsaps which represent the link between this local tsap and its remote peer tsap. When a subsequent operation occurs, such as connect request, this local tsap and the remote tsap will be used as source and destination address respectively. The index to the activated remote tsap directory will be returned to the user who issues this activate remote tsap primitive, as the logical remote tsap address. The depth of this directory is set up according the passed parameter in the create tsap message.

2.1.5 Transport Connection Directory

This directory contains an array of pointers to transport connection control block ,TCCB which is dynamically created or deleted each time when a connect request or disconnect primitive is received. The size of the directory is configurable and is created on a create local tsap primitive. DDI transport has an equivalent connection table but it is for the entire transport layer instance and is unique. The index to the DDI transport connection table is the transport connection identifier that must be kept in the TCCB for subsequent read or write operations use. The index to the connection directory referred to as the connection identifier, and along with the local tsap number must be returned to the user who issues the connect request or accepts the connection indication. Any subsequent operation primitive such as read CO or write CO data must have these two items along to be used to identify the DDI transport connection identifier. DDI connection table is defined as:

```
struct TCXT *trans_ctx[MAXTRAN]
```


2.1.6 Transport Connection Control Block

This TCCB is dynamically created and deleted by Receive process when it receives a connection request or a disconnect request primitive locally or remotely. This block contains vital information for subsequent connection operation. This control block is considered an extension of the connection block TCTX in the DDI transport layer.

```

struct ctx
  BEGIN
    unsigned l_local_ta      logical local tsap address
    unsigned l_remote_ta    logical remote tsap address
    long      connection_id  connection directory id
    long      transport_id   connection id from DDI
    struct    TSAP l_tsap    local tsap
    struct    TSAP r_tsap    remote tsap
    struct    NSAP l_nsap    local network
    struct    NSAP r_nsap    remote network
    XPT_TRANS *connect_rqt   connect request transaction ptr
    XPT_TRANS *connect_ind   connection indication trans ptr
    WR_BUFD   *bufdes        L6 write buffer descriptor
    RD_BUFD   *rbufdes       L6 read buffer descriptor
    WR_EBUFD  *ewbufdes      L6 write expedited buffer des
    RD_EBUFD  *erbufdes      L6 read expedited buffer des
    unsigned  tpdu_size      tpdu size
    unsigned  init_wrcdt     initial write credits
    unsigned  real_wrcdt     actual write credit used
    unsigned  write_count    write CO data in hand
    unsigned  init_rdcdt     initial read credits
    unsigned  real_cdt       actual read credit used
    unsigned  read_count     read CO data in hand
    unsigned  write_exp      # of write expedited data
    unsigned  read_exp       # of read expedited data
    unsigned  t_flow:l       DDI flow control flag
    unsigned  discn_pend:l   disconnection waiting flag
    unsigned  reason         disconnect reason code
    struct    XMT_HDR *send_head first to send
    struct    XMT_HDR *send_tail next to send
  END

```

END

```

struct XMT_HDR
  BEGIN
    unsigned eot
    BD      *buffer
  END

```

DDI has the following transport connection control block defined. It shows here as for reference.

```

struct tctx
  BEGIN
    unsigned state
    unsigned class4:1
    unsigned expedited:1
    unsigned chksum:1
    unsigned extended:1
    unsigned flow:1
    unsigned session_flow:1
    unsigned flow_controlled:1
    unsigned prio:3
    unsigned dst_ref
    unsigned src_ref
    long pid
    struct tsap rsuffix
    struct tsap ssuffix
    long session_id
    long rcv_lwe
    long rcv_uwe
    long rcv_next
    long rcv_expd
    struct frag_hdr *rcv_head
    struct frag_hdr *rcv_thead
    long send_lwe
    long send_uwe
    long send_next
    long send_expd
    short send_subseq
    struct frag_hdr *send_head
    struct frag_hdr *send_tail
    struct frag_hdr *send_notsent
    struct frag_hdr *send_thead
    struct frag_hdr *send_etail
    struct frag_hdr *send_enotsent
    unsigned send_retry_count
    unsigned tpduSz
    unsigned tpduSize_parm:8
    unsigned vers:8
    long maxseq
    unsigned reason
    unsigned cdt
    struct ctb timer[5]
    struct nsap source_address
    struct nsap destination_address
    unsigned tsap_id see note
    unsigned connection_id see note
  END

```

note: these are added to speed up the searching local tsap # and its local connection id

2.2 EXTERNAL INTERFACES

The Transport interfaces with the System Management, ISO network services and Megabus interface software in the LACS and the ISO user in Level 6. All users and services provider interfaces to this Transport are via the Bridge Communication Inc. Kernel messages call. The following describes the interfaces and the message format will be shown at the later sections.

2.2.1 System Mangement interfaces

Startup Parameters Data structure

These paramaters, passed by the System Management to Tranpsort Layer Management in the process creating phase, are used by the Transport Layer Management Process for it initial setup.

Startup parameter

BEGIN

char	layer	layer number
char	layer_inst_num	layer instance number
char	my_priority	this process priority
unsigned	max_local_sdir	size of local tsap directory
unsigned	max_remote_sdir	size of remote tsap directory
unsigned	max_connect	size of transport connections

END

The Transport Layer Management provides the following services to the System Management in the LACS:

Action:

- create tsap
 - . create local tsap
 - . create remote tsap
 - . update state
 - . list all

Get Request

- supporting read statistics and get attributes only

The Transport layer provides the following indication to the System Management in the LACS.

Event_indication

2.2.2 Users (Session layer) Interfaces

The Transport provides the following services to the user via LCB through Lacs Driver interface:

- Connect Request
- Connect Response
- Write CO data(Data Request)
- Write Expedited Data
- Read CO data
- Read Expedited Data
- Disconnect Request
- Activate Local TSAP
- Activate Remote TSAP
- Deactivate Local TSAP
- Deactivate Remote TSAP

The Transport provides the following indication to the user

- TSAP Event Indication
 - TSAP deactivated
 - Connection Indication
- Connection Event Indication
 - data arrivals
 - additional data write credit available
 - disconnect request

2.2.3 Network Layer Interfaces

The Transport uses the following service of the Null Network Layer:

N_Data Request

The Transport expects the following indication from the Null Network Layer

N_Data Indicate

2.2.4 Megabus Interface Software Interfaces

IOLD registration for LCB image copy

Data Transfer between L6 and Lacs buffer requests

2.2.5 Messages Format

The communication among processes and between layer is typically through Kernel sendmsg call. All interfaces to and from Transport are via messages to mailboxes. The following describes each message format that formulate the above mentioned requests and indications.

2.2.5.1 Messages from System Management

2.2.5.1.1 Action

struct action

BEGIN

MSG	m;	Kernel message header
MBID	ret_mbid;	return message mailbox id
short	sm_id;	SM identifier
short	exchangeid;	exchange identification
		internal layer selector
char	name[16];	symbolic tsap name
short	class;	transport class 4
short	type[4];	type
short	venue;	who knows
char	majorstate;	set to locked state
char	substate;	set to reset state
short	access_control;	ignored by Transport
		status return by Transport
char	source;	layer number = 4
char	statusid;	status id
short	statuslength;	status length = 2
short	statusdata;	not used
		SM request operation code
short	operation_code;	set to action
short	operation_info;	start of operation info
		action request
short	operation;	action opcode
short	length;	set to tsap size

END

2.2.5.1.2 Create local tsap

struct creat_l_tsap

BEGIN

MSG	m	Kernel message header
MBID	ret_mbid	return message mailbox id
short	sm_id	SM identifier
short	exchangeid	exchange identification
		layer internal selector
char	name[16]	ignored by Transport
char	class	ignored by Transport
char	type[4]	ignored by Transport
char	venue	ignored by Transport
char	majorstate	ignored by Transport
char	substate	ignored by Transport
short	access_control	ignored by Transport
		status return by Transport
char	source	layer number = 4
char	statusid	status id
short	statuslength	status length = 2
short	statusdata	not used
		SM request operation code
short	operation_code	equal action
short	operation_info	start of operation info
		action create request
short	operation	creat local tsap opcode
short	length	tsap size
		this tsap parameters
char	name[16]	symbolic tsap name
short	class;	transport class 4
short	type[4];	type
short	venue;	who knows
char	majorstate;	set to locked state
char	substate;	set to reset state
		flow control info
char	addr[2];	tsap address
char	rfu;	not used
char	net_li_mapping;	network layer instance
short	max_xmit_bytes;	
short	max_rcv_bytes;	
short	max_xmit_credit;	
short	max_rcv_credit;	
short	max_activate;	max. activation remote tsap on
		this local tsap
short	current_act;	current number of activation
ACT_REMOTE	*act_remote;	point to activated remote tsap
		table
TSAP_EVENT	*tsap_event;	tsap event lcb pointer

END

2.2.5.1.3 Create remote tsap
 struct creat_r_tsap

```

BEGIN
    MSG      m      Kernel message header
    MBID     ret_mbid return message mailbox id
    short   sm_id   SM identifier
    short   exchangeid exchange identification
                    layer internal selector
    char    name[16] ignored by Transport
    char    class   ignored by Transport
    char    type[4] ignored by Transport
    char    venue   ignored by Transport
    char    majorstate ignored by Transport
    char    substate ignored by Transport
    short   access_control ignored by Transport
                    status return by Transport
    char    source  layer number = 4
    char    statusid status id
    short   statuslength status length = 2
    short   statusdata not used
                    SM request operation code
    short   operation_code equal action
    short   operation_info start of operation info
                    action create request
    short   operation creat remote tsap opcode
    short   length    tsap size
                    this tsap parameters
    char    name[16] symbolic tsap name
    short   class    transport class = 4
    short   type[4]  type
    short   venue    who knows
    char    majorstate set to locked state
    char    substate  set to reset state
                    flow control info
    char    addr[2]  tsap address
    char    rfu      not used
    char    net_li_mapping network layer instance
    short   max_xmit_bytes
    short   max_rcv_bytes
    short   max_xmit_credit
    short   max_rcv_credit
END
    
```

2.2.5.1.4 Update_state

struct_update_state

BEGIN

MSG	m	Kernel message header
MBID	ret_mbid	return message mailbox id
short	sm_id	SM identifier
short	exchangeid	exchange identification
		internal layer selector
char	name[16]	symbolic tsap name
short	class	transport class 4
short	type[4]	type
short	venue	who knows
char	majorstate	set to locked state
char	substate	set to reset state
short	access_control	ignored by Transport
		status return by Transport
char	source	layer number = 4
char	statusid	status id
short	statuslength	status length = 2
short	statusdata	not used
		SM request operation code
short	operation_code	set to update_state
short	operation_info	start of operation info
		action create request
short	operation	creat remote tsap opcode
short	length	tsap size

END

2.2.5.1.5 list_all

```

struct list_all
BEGIN
MSG      m;                Kernel message header
MBID     ret_mbid;        return message mailbox id
short   sm_id;           SM identifier
short   exchangeid;     exchange identification
                                internal layer selector
char    name[16];       symbolic tsap name
short   class;          transport class 4
short   type[4];        type
short   venue;         who knows
char    majorstate;    set to locked state
char    substate;      set to reset state
short   access_control; ignored by Transport
                                status return by Transport
char    source;        layer number = 4
char    statusid;      status id
short   statuslength;  status length = 2
short   statusdata;    not used
                                SM request operation code
short   operation_code; set to list all
short   operation_info; start of operation info
                                list all request
short   operation;     list all opcode
short   length;        set to tsap size
END
    
```

2.2.5.1.6. Get Request

```

struct get request
BEGIN
MSG      m                Kernel message header
MBID     ret_mbid         return message mailbox id
short   sm_id            SM identifier
short   exchangeid       exchange identification
                                internal layer selector
char     name[16]         symbolic tsap name
short   class            transport class 4
short   type[4]          type
short   venue            who knows
char     majorstate      set to locked state
char     substate        set to reset state
short   access_control   ignored by Transport
                                status return by Transport
char     source          layer number = 4
char     statusid        status id
short   statuslength     status length = 2
short   statusdata       not used
                                SM request operation code
short   operation_code   set to get
short   operation_info   start of operation info
                                action create request
short   operation        creat remote tsap opcode
END
    
```

2.2.5.1.7 System Management Event

```

struct event_info
BEGIN
  char    source;           transport layer magm message
  char    code;            event status code
  short   info_length;     length of status which follow
  char    info[0x400];     information data
END

```

2.2.6 LCB Data Structures used between User and Transport

The Session and other users in the L6 communicate with the Transport via LACS Driver which issues IOLDs point to a LCB in L6 main memory to pass information to/from Transport. The following describes the various LCBs.

2.2.6.1 Activate Local TSAP

```

struct L_activate
BEGIN
  short   cb_icw;          interrupt control word
  short   cb_fnc;          functio = activate local tsap
  short   cb_ind;          buffer indicator
  long    cb_rng;          total range in bytes
  short   cb_bct;          number of buffers
  L6BD    16_bd[3];        16 buffer descriptors

  char    cb_sym[16];      symbolic name
  long    cb_lsa;          logical address - tsap selector
  long    cb_pms;          proposed read SDU size
  short   cb_prc;          proposed read max. credits

  short   fns[12];         null fields

  long    cb_mss;          maximum SDU size
  long    cb_iss;          ideal SDU size
  short   cb_mpr;          maximum pending read count
  short   cb_wcc;          write credit count
  short   cb_mcc;          maximum number of connections

  short   cb_cts;          controller status
  short   cb_sts;          this command status
  short   cb_cbs;          completion word
END

```

2.2.6.2 Activate remote TSAP

```

struct r_activate
BEGIN
    short  cb_icw;           interrupt control word
    short  cb_fnc;         functio = activate local tsap
    short  cb_ind;         buffer indicator
    long   cb_rng;         total range in bytes
    short  cb_bct;         number of buffers
    L6BD   16_bd[3];       16 buffer descriptors

    char   cb_sym[16];     symbolic name
    long   cb_lsa;         logical address - tsap selector
    long   null;           not used

    short  fns[18];        null fields

    long   cb_rla;         remote logical address

    short  cb_cts;         controller status
    short  cb_sts;         this command status
    short  cb_cbs;         completion word
END
    
```

2.2.6.3 Deactivate remote TSAP

```

struct r_dactivate
BEGIN
    short  cb_icw;           interrupt control word
    short  cb_fnc;         functio = activate local tsap
    short  cb_ind;         buffer indicator
    long   cb_rng;         total range in bytes
    short  cb_bct;         number of buffers
    L6BD   16_bd[3];       16 buffer descriptors

    short  fns[30];        null fields

    long   cb_lls;         logical local tsap address
    long   cb_rla;         logical remote tsap address

    short  cb_cts;         controller status
    short  cb_sts;         this command status
    short  cb_cbs;         completion word
END
    
```

2.2.6.4 Deactivate local TSAP

```

struct l_dactivate
BEGIN
    short  cb_icw;          interrupt control word
    short  cb_fnc;          functio = activate local tsap
    short  cb_ind;          buffer indicator
    long   cb_rng;          total range in bytes
    short  cb_bct;          number of buffers
    L6BD   16_bd[3];        16 buffer descriptors

    short  fns[30];         null fields

    long   cb_lla;          logical local tsap address

    short  cb_cts;          controller status
    short  cb_sts;          this command status
    short  cb_cbs;          completion word
END
    
```

2.2.6.5 Connect Request

```

struct connect Request
BEGIN
    unsigned  cb_icw          interrupt control word
    unsigned  cb_fsf          connection request function

                                next field sets by user or xport
                                user data present indication
    unsigned  cb_ind          size of user data in this lcb
    long      size
    short     null            not used
    char      data[32]        user data field

    long      lr_tsap         logical remote tsap address
    long      ll_tsap         logical local tsap address
    unsigned  qos             quality of services
    unsigned  expedited       expedited data option
    unsigned  p_sdu_size      proposed Max SDU size
    unsigned  p_rd_credit     proposed read credits

                                return parameters to user
                                connection identifier
    long      connection_id   responding address ?
    long      rspnd_add
    unsigned  expedited       expedited data option
    unsigned  qos             quality of services
    unsigned  sdu_size        max. SDU size
    unsigned  ideal_size      ideal max. sdu size
    unsigned  read_credit     read order credits
    unsigned  wr_credit       write credits

                                return status
    short     cb_cts          controller status
    short     cb_sts          this command status
    short     cb_cbs          completion word
END
    
```

```

struct connect_response
BEGIN
    unsigned   cb_icw;           interrupt control word
    unsigned   cb_fnc;          connection response function
    unsigned   cb_ind;          user data present indicator
    long       size;            size of user data in this lcb
    short      null;            not used
    char       data[32];        user data field

    long       lr_tsap;          logical remote tsap address
    long       l_tsap;          logical local tsap address
    unsigned   qos;             quality of services
    unsigned   expedited;       expedited data option
    unsigned   p_sdu_size;       proposed Max SDU size
    unsigned   p_rd_credit;      proposed read credits

    long       connection_id;    return parameters to user
    long       rspnd_add;        connection identifier
    unsigned   expedited;       responding address ?
    unsigned   qos;             expedited data option
    unsigned   sdu_size;        quality of services
    unsigned   ideal_size;      max. SDU size
    unsigned   read_credit;     ideal max. sdu size
    unsigned   wr_credit;       read order credits
    unsigned   write_credits

    short      cb_cts;          return status
    short      cb_sts;          controller status
    short      cb_cbs;          this command status
    completion word

END
    
```

2.2.6.7 Disconnect Request

```

struct disconnect request
BEGIN
  unsigned  cb_icw;           interrupt control word
  unsigned  cb_fnc;         connection request function

  unsigned  cb_ind;         next field sets by user
  long      size;           user data present indication
  long      size;           size of user data in this lcb
  short     null;          not used
  char      data[64];       user data field

  long      connection_id;  connection identifier
  unsigned  reason;        disconnect reason code

  short     cb_cts;         return status
  short     cb_sts;         controller status
  short     cb_cbs;         this command status
  short     cb_cbs;         completion word
END

```

2.2.6.8 TSAP Event Lcb

```

struct Tsap_event
BEGIN
  unsigned  cb_icw;           interrupt control word
  unsigned  cb_fnc;         TSAP event function

  long      ll_addr;         next field sets by transport
  long      data_size;       logical local sap address
  long      data_size;       data size in bytes
  unsigned  evnt_mask;       event mask code

  short     cb_cts;         return status
  short     cb_sts;         controller status
  short     cb_cbs;         this command status
  short     cb_cbs;         completion word
END

```

2.2.6.9 Connect Indication TSAP Event Lcb

```

struct Connection_indication
BEGIN
  unsigned  cb_icw;           interrupt control word
  unsigned  cb_fnc;         connection indication function
  unsigned  cb_ind;         remote user data indicator
  long      size;           size of user data in this lcb
  short     null;           not used
  char      data[32];       user data field

  long      connection_id;  return parameters to user
  unsigned  expedited;     connection identifier
  unsigned  qos;           expedited data option
  unsigned  sdu_size;      quality of services
  unsigned  ideal_size;    max. SDU size
  unsigned  read_credit;   ideal max. sdu size
  unsigned  wr_credit;     read order credits
  long      ll_addr;       write credits
  unsigned  evnt_mask;     logical local tsap address
                                   connection indicate mask code

  short     cb_cts;        return status
  short     cb_sts;        controller status
  short     cb_cbs;        this command status
                                   completion word
END
    
```

2.2.6.10 Write Connection Oriented LCB

```

struct write_CO_data
BEGIN
  unsigned  cb_icw;           interrupt control word
  unsigned  cb_fnc;         function = write data
  unsigned  cb_ind;         buffer indicator
  long      cb_rng;         total range in bytes
  unsigned  cb_bct;         number of buffers
  L6BD     16_bd[3];        16 buffer descriptors

  long      connect_id;     connection identifier
  unsigned  wr_credit;      not used

  short     fns[xx];        null fields

  short     cb_cts;         controller status
  short     cb_sts;         this command status
  short     cb_cbs;         completion word
END
    
```


2.2.6.11 Write Expedited LCB

```
struct write_Edata
BEGIN
    unsigned  cb_icw;           interrupt control word
    unsigned  cb_fnc;           function = write data
    unsigned  cb_ind;           buffer indicator
    long      cb_rng;           total range in bytes
    unsigned  cb_bct;           number of buffers
    L6BD      16_bd[3];         16 buffer descriptors

    long      connect_id;       connection identifier
    unsigned  wr_credit;        not used

    short     fns[xx];          null fields

    short     cb_cts;           controller status
    short     cb_sts;           this command status
    short     cb_cbs;           completion word
END
```

2.2.6.12 Read Connection Oriented LCB

```

struct read_CO_data
BEGIN
    unsigned   cb_icw;           interrupt control word
    unsigned   cb_fnc;           function = write data
    unsigned   cb_ind;           buffer indicator
    long       cb_rng;           total range in bytes
    unsigned   cb_bct;           number of buffers
    L6BD       l6_bd[3];         16 buffer descriptors

    long       residue[3];       buffer residue ranges

    long       connect_id;       connection identifier
    unsigned   rd_credit;        read credits

    short      fns[xx];          null fields

    short      cb_cts;           controller status
    short      cb_sts;           this command status
    short      cb_cbs;           completion word
END
    
```

```
struct read_edata
BEGIN
    unsigned   cb_icw;           interrupt control word
    unsigned   cb_fnc;           function = write data
    unsigned   cb_ind;           buffer indicator
    long       cb_rng;           total range in bytes
    unsigned   cb_bct;           number of buffers
    L6BD      16_bd[1];         16 buffer descriptors

    long       residue[1];      buffer residue ranges

    long       connect_id;      connection identifier
    unsigned   rd_exp_cr;       read expedited credits
    unsigned   act_size;        buffer actual size

    short      fns[xx];         null fields

    short      cb_cts;          controller status
    short      cb_sts;          this command status
    short      cb_cbs;          completion word
END
```

2.2.7 Messages used between Transport and Megabus Interface Software

2.2.7.1 Mailbox Registration for IOLDs

```

struct mbid_ptr
BEGIN
    MSG      m;                kernel message header
    ushort  chan_nmb;        channel number
    MBID    *mbid;           mailbox pointer for this chann
    MBID    return_id;       return mailbox id
    short   status;         return from IO dispatcher
END
    
```

2.2.7.2 IOLD indication

```

struct IOLDMSG
BEGIN
    MSG      m;                kernel message header
    ushort  chanfc;          channel number and opcode
    long    *l6_addr;        lcb address in bytes
    ushort  lcb_info;        lcb size in byte
END
    
```

2.2.7.3 LCB to/from L6 memory

```

struct lcbio
BEGIN
    MSGX    mx;              expanded kernel header
    long    *l6_addr;        L6 address
    ushort  range;          lac ram range
    long    *ram_addr;       lac ram address
END
    
```

2.2.7.4 Data Request to/from L6 memory

```

struct bufio
  BEGIN
    MSGX      mx;                expanded kernel message header
    ushort    16 buf_cnt;        buffer counts in this message
    L6_DES    16[1-9];           16 buffer descriptors
  END

```

```

struct bufiox
  BEGIN
    MSGX      mx;                expanded kernel message header
    L6_LIST   *16ptr;            16 buffer descriptors pointer
  END

```

```

struct buficbio
  BEGIN
    MSGX      mx;                expanded kernel message header
    L6_LIST   *16ptr;            16 buffer descriptors pointer
    long      *16_addr;          16 address in bytes
    ushort    range;             lac ram range in bytes
    long      *ram_addr;         lac ram address
  END

```

2.2.7.5 Transport transaction structure

```

struct xpt_trans
  BEGIN
    union
      BEGIN
        LCBIO  lcbio  DMA requests for LCBIs
        BUFIO  bufio  DMA requests for buffer data
        BUFIOX bufiox DMA requests for buffer data
                    with a list
      END type
    BD      *data_bd      data buffer descriptor
    ushort  lcbi_leng     the length of LCBIs
    ushort  lcb_chan      the channel involved
    LCBIO   *lcbi_blk     pointer to LCBIs block
    caddr_t L6_mem_ptr    L6 memory pointer to LCBIs
    BDI     *rd_bdi_blk   ptr to read BD block
    BDI     *wr_bdi_blk   ptr to write BD block
    caddr_t L6_rdbdi_ptr  L6 memory ptr to read BD
    caddr_t L6_wrbdi_ptr  L6 memory ptr to write BD
    L_TSAP  *l_tsap_table ptr to local tsap table
    R_TSAP  *r_tsap_table ptr to remote tsap table
    ulong   l_log_addr    local logical address
    ulong   r_log_addr    remote logical address
    ulong   connection_id logical connection id
    ushort  transaction_id type of transaction
  END

```

2.2.8 Messages used between Transport and Network

2.2.8.1 N_Data_indication

This message is used by the network layer when it indicates the arrival of a NSDU which may contain one or several TPDU.

```

struct n_data_indicate
BEGIN
    MSG      m          kernel message header
    int      function   not used
    int      qos        not used
    struct   NSAP *source NSAP source address
    struct   NSAP *destination NSAP destination address
    int      datasize   data size
    char     *data      data pointer
END
    
```

2.2.8.2 N_Data_Request

This message is used by the Transport to request the Network layer to transmit a NSDU.

```

struct n_data_request
BEGIN
    MSG      m          kernel message header
    int      function   not used
    int      qos        not used
    struct   NSAP *source source address
    struct   NSAP *destination destination address
    int      datasize   data size
    char     *data      data pointer
END
    
```

2.3. Initialization Requirements

The initialization of the Transport is part of the entire LAN software initialization sequences. The System Management is responsible to spawn the Transport Layer Management process which then allocates memory for common data structure used by all three processes; create mailboxes for interprocess communication; create Transport Transmit and Recieve Processes. Then the Transport Layer Management waits for creat TSAP messages to create local and remote tsap table directories. The state of the TSAP is set to inactive until activate message is received from user. Initialization is done once only at the startup time.

2.4 TERMINATION REQRIREMENTS

The Transport Layer will be active as long as the LAN software is active. No termination is required.

2.5 ENVIRONMENT

The Transport is operating under the Bridge Communication Inc. kernel environment It must be part of the LAN software bound unit that resides in the Lacs hardware subsystem.

2.6 TIMING AND SIZE REQUIREMENTS

Sizes and memory usage are not an issue at this point. However, the code must efficient enough to produce high performance product.

2.7 ASSEMBLY AND LINKING

The Transprot module will be written in C language for 68000 machine code. Assembly and linking is accomplished through the makefile in the Honeywell Unix Operation Development System.

2.8 TESTING CONSIDERATION

All functions must be tested throughoutly. Testing with the NBS scenerio is a must. A test routine may be considered to replace the Network Layer initially for initial checkout with NBS testing before integrating with rest of the software modules. This test routine will be a turnaround routine that it behaves as if it were the remote peer entity.

2.9 DOCUMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS

Documentation of this product should follow the Honeywell Software Documentations Guidelines. A procedure design language should be accompanied in this component specification

2.10 OPERATING PROCUDURES

None is required to operate this module.

2.11 ERROR MESSAGES

There are several types of error messages this Transport can handle. They are described as follows:

Non fatal operation error

This kind of errors are usually detected on the interfaces messages. The message will be returned with appropriate status to inform the message sender about the conditon.

Fatal operational error

TBD

Transport Protocol error

These errors are associated with the transport protocol machine and are handled according to protocol specification Its statistics counters may be read via the System Mangement interface.

3. INTERNAL SPECIFICATION

3.1 Overview

The Transport Layer is an implementation of the ISO transport layer class 4, connection oriented protocol. This module communicates with user in L6 (session layer), the network layer module and the system management module. The heart of this module is the Transport machine which is adapted from DDI GM MAP transport layer. Three separate modules and many routines are added to interface to DDI transport machine to provide the necessary interface conversion to use the DDI transport module. Modification are kept in minimal to speedup the development efforts. The primarily changes to the DDI transport is the buffer memory management which is essential to run under the Lacs environment. The sections below will describe the external requirement that requires to interface the DDI transport layer. No attempts to describe the DDI transport module is done at this time. DDI does not have any documentations at all.

3.1.1 DDI Interfaces and Data Structure Requirement

The following describes the interfaces and parameters requirement of the DDI transport function. The two structures shown below are used to pass information between the service user and service provider. Note that certain parameters are not used as it depends on the function.

The DDI provides the following services to user:

- T_Initialize Request
- T_Connect Request
- T_Connect Response
- T_Data Request
- T_Expedited Data Request
- T_Disconnect Request
- T_Statistic Request

The DDI provides the following indication to user:

- T_Disconnect
- T_Connection Response
- T_Data
- T_Expedited Data
- T_Connect Request
- T_Flow
- T_Stop_Flow

The following data structure are used to call for service request and provider indication

```

struct fpt_tran
BEGIN
    unsigned    function           connect request,T_data,etc
    unsigned    qos                 quality of Service
    unsigned    expedited:1        expediated data option
    unsigned    chksum:1           checksum option
    unsigned    eot:1              end of frame
    unsigned    reason              reason code
    unsigned    transport_id        identifier for DDI tctx
    unsigned    tsap_id             local tsap id see note 1
    unsigned    connection_id       local connection id see note 1
    long        session_id          session identifier
    struct      address_source      source address
    struct      address_destn       destination address
    int         datasize            data size
    char        *data               data address

```

END

note 1: These are added to speed up searching tsap and its connection id.

The network provides a Network Data Request service and N_data Indicate to DDI transport

Data structure used to passed information for service request and indication:

```

struct fpt_netw
BEGIN
    int         function           data_indicate,data request
    int         qos
    struct      NSAP *source
    struct      NSAP *destination
    int         datasize
    char        *data

```

END

3.2 Subcomponent Description

3.2.1 Transport Layer Management Process

This process provides the function of task lead of the Transport layer. Its responsibility is to initialize and set certain data structure which will be used by all processes. It creates both local and remote TSAP directories tables and sets up necessary functions before ready to accept messages from System and others. The Layer Management Process primary consists of an initialization routine, a main routine which responds to messages and some support routines. The initialization routine allocates memory for data structure that all processes will be operating on, sets various tables, and finally spawns the Transport Process before ready for messages. The main routine responds, decodes, and executes messages delivered to this mailbox. The only requests from the user to this module is the activate local/remote tsap and delete tsap requests. Any other requests from the user will be returned with appropriated status. The reception of the activate call causes the Transport major state into in use state and therefore Transport process is ready to receive requests from the users.

3.2.2 Transport Process

This transport function mainly processes messages from its users and network layer for incoming data. It decodes and validates user primitive LCBs and converts them into DDI interface data structure before calling DDI transport function. In case of network data indicate this transport builds DDI required data structure before calling DDI to handle this connection.

It manages locally or remotely initiated connection establishment and connection release primitives. This may involve memory allocation and deallocation for connection table and transport connection control block; transferring user data on connection request; informing the user of the disconnect request.

The transmit function manages the data transfer across the level 6 and the DDI. In case of large TSDU the function will segment data into multiple TPDU's. Releasing the LCB and its 16 buffer descriptor is done at the completion of data transfer.

The receive function of this process is to receive data from its peer entity and transfer the data to user buffer in 16 memory.

3.3 Future Development and Maintenance Considerations

TBD.

4.0 PROCEDURE DESIGN LANGUAGE (PDL)

4.1 Transport Layer Management Process

4.1.1 Transport Layer Management Initialization routine.

```
Tran_lm_init(startup_parm)
STARTUP_PARM *startup_parm
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    Allocate memory for layer common data structure table
    Initialize all tables entries to a known state.
    Save this pointer to this process's PCB
```

```
    Allocate memory for local TSAP directory table.
    Initialize the local tsap directory entries to null.
```

```
    Allocate memory for remote TSAP directory table.
    Initialize the remote tsap directory entries to null.
```

```
    Allocate memory for event indication to System Management
```

```
    Create a second mailbox id for Transport LME
```

```
    Registrare the well known mailbox for transport process
```

```
    Create transport process.
    Move the transport process to ready list.
```

```
    Resolve IO software IO and DMA mailbox id.
    Call request_io_mb(return_id,common_ptr);
```

```
    set transport major state to none existence
    set transport substate to reset
```

```
    wait for messages to arrive to this mailbox.
```

```
END
```

4.1.1.1 Request IO Software mailboxes Id function

```
Req_io_mb(parameters)
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    Allocate memory for request message
    Setup message parameters
    call sendmsg kernel call
```

```
END
```

4.1.2 Transport Layer Mangement Main Function

```
Tran_main(msgptr, mboxid)
MSG *msgptr
MBID mboxid
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    retrieve TLIDB pointer
```

```
    switch(message type)
```

```
        case iold from IO software
            call common iold handler function
            break
```

```
        case lcb arrival
            call lcb handling function
            break
```

```
        case lcb to level 6 confirmation
            call lcb cleanup function
            break
```

```
        case system management message arrival
            call system management message function
            break
```

```
        case IO software delivers IO and DMA mailbox id
            call IO software mailbox id arrival function
            break
```

```
        case IOLD FC mailbox directory confirmation message
            call iold sign in return function
            break
```

```
        case network sign in confirmation message
            call network sign in return function
            break
```

```
        default
            return message memory to memory pool
            break
```

```
    switchend
```

```
END
```

4.1.2.1 System Management message processor

This routine determines the request validity. The message is forwarded to the function which then executes the request.

Sm_request(parameters)

BEGIN

 switch on system message operation code

 case Get Request

 call get function

 break

 case Set Request

 send message to SM with INVALID status

 break

 case Compare and Set Request

 send message back to SM with INVALID status

 break

 case Action

 call action function

 break

 default

 return message to memory pool

 break

 switchend

END

4.1.2.1.1 Get function

 Get(parameters)

 BEGIN

 TBD

 END

```
Action(parameters)
BEGIN
    switch on action_identifier
        case list_all
            call list_all_function
            break
        case update_state
            call update_state_function
        case create_tsap
            if create_local_tsap
                call create_l_tsap_function
            else call create_remote_tsap_function
            break
        default
            return(status)
            break
    switchend
END
```

4.1.2.1.4.1 Create Local Tsap Function

```
Create_l_tsap(parameters)
BEGIN
    set major state to locked state

    if local directory has no room
        set status and return
    if local directory is not empty
        call comparing symbolic names function
    if match
        set duplicated status and return
    allocate memory for remote tsap
    add entry into the directory table
    increment next directory entry pointer
    initialize the tsap
    copy all parameters from messges to this tsap
    reset all statistical counters
END
```

4.1.2.1.4.2 Create remote Tsap function

```
Create_r_tsap(parameters)
BEGIN
    set majorstate to locked state

    if remote directory has no room
        set status and return
    if remote directory is not empty
        call comparing symbolic names function
    if match
        set duplicated status and return
    allocate memory for tsap
    add entry to remote directory table
    increment next directory entry pointer
    initialize the tsap
    copy all parameters from messges to this tsap
    reset all statistical counters
END
```


3.1.2.1.4.3 List all function

```
list_all(parameters)
BEGIN
    TBD
END
```

4.1.2.1.4.4 Update state function

```
update(parameters)
BEGIN
    TBD
END
```

4.1.2.2 LCB to level 6 Confirmation

This message returned by Megabus Interface Software indicates that the lcb has been returned to level 6.

```
lcb_cleanup_function(parameter)
BEGIN
    if status not ok
        call statistics update function
        call send event to System Management
    return message meory to memory pool
END
```

4.1.2.3 IO Software mailbox id arrival Function

This message sent by IO megabus software responding to mailbox identifiers request message that initiated by the initialization section of this module.

IO_id_arrival(parameters)

BEGIN

Store the two mailbox ids in the common data structure
Release this message to memory pool
Register with IO Dispatcher the IOLD mailbox directory
to deliver activate/deactivate TSAP iolds

END

4.1.2.4 Lcb arrival handler

This message returned by the Megabus Interface Software DMA module indicating transfer lcb from level 6 has been completed

lcb_handler(parameters)

BEGIN

Combine channel number,cpu number and interrupt level
and place this into message

if return status not ok

call return_lcb_to_l6 and return

switch on lcb_specific function code

case activate local tsap

call activate local tsap function

break

case-activate remote tsap

call activate remote tsap function

break

case deactivate local tsap

call deactivate local tsap

break

case deactivate remote tsap

call deactivate remote tsap

break

default

set invalid function status and return lcb to l6

break

switchend

END

4.1.2.4.1 Activate local tsap
activate_local(parameters)
BEGIN

```
    switch on layer majorstate
    case locked state
        Call search routine if local tsap exists
        if local tsap not found
            set tsap not found status
            return lcb to 16 and exit
        Turn off IOLD mailbox
        Put this message back to mailbox used later
        Create a mailbox
        Allocate memory activate network message
        Set registration message type
        Set all other message parameters
        Send message
        break
    case in_use_state
        Call search routine if local tsap exists
        if local tsap not found
            set tsap not found status
            return lcb to 16 and exit
        switch on this tsap majorstate
            case null
                set tsap majorstate to in_use
                set tsap substate to operational
                get output parameters into lcb
                set successful status
                send lcb to 16 message
                break
            case in use state
                get output parameters into lcb
                set sap_already activated status
                send lcb to 16 message
                break
            case down
            case test
            default
                set sap not available status
                send lcb to 16 message
                break
        switchend
    default
        set bad local tsap status
        send lcb to 16 message
        break
    switchend
END
```

4.1.2.4.2 Activate remote tsap

```

activate_remote(parameters)
BEGIN
    switch on layer majorstate
    case in_use_state
        Call search routine if remote tsap exists
        if remote tsap not found
            set tsap not found status
            return lcb to 16 and exit
        Search local tsap existence with this logical
        local address input parameter
        if local tsap non existence or not operational
            set bad logical local tsap address status
            return lcb to 16
        if current activate count > max. allowed
            set exceeded limit status
            return lcb to 16
        if duplicated entry in remote activated table
            set duplicated activated status
            return lcb to 16
        put entry into activated remote table
        increment current activated count
        put logical remote tsap address into message
        set successful status
        return lcb to 16
        break
    case down
    case locked
    default
        set bad local tsap status
        send lcb to 16 message
        break
    switchend
END

```

4.1.2.4.3 Deactivate local tsap

```

Deactivate_local
BEGIN
    TBD
END

```

4.1.2.4.4 Deactivate remote tsap

```

Deactivate_remote

BEGIN
    TBD
END

```

4.1.2.6 Network Sign In Confirmation

```
network_activated(parameters)
BEGIN
  if return status not ok or nsdu size not defined
    set layer majorstate to non existence
    get emergency event message from common data area
    set event to network_not_operational
    send event message to System Management
    delete network activated mailbox
    turn on this layer mailbox
    return message to mempry pool and exit
  store network data mailbox id in common data area
  store the max. PDU size into common data area
  turn on the this layer management mailbox
  delete network activated mailbox
  set layer majorstate to in use state
  return this message to memory pool
END
```

4.2 Transport Process

4.2.1 Transport Initialization Routine

```

Transport_init(transport layer instance data block pointer)
BEGIN
    save TLIDB pointer into PCB
    allocate memory for emergency message to System Management
    Fill in FC table pointers for IOLDs dispatching mailbox
    call initialize DDI transport function
END

```

4.2.2 Transport main function

```

Transport_main(msgptr,mbid)
BEGIN
    retrieve TLIDB pointer from PCB
    switch on message type
        case iold from IO software
            if layer majorstate not equal in-use-state
                call iold return function with status
            exit
            call common iold handler
            break
        case lcb arrival
            call lcb arrival function
            break
        case network data indicate
            call network data indicate handler
            break
        case data BUFIO arrival
            call data BUFIO arrival function
            break
        case data BUFIOX arrival
            call data BUFIOX arrival function
            break
        case lcb to l6 return confirmation
            call lcb to l6 clean up function
            break
        case L6 buffer descriptor arrival
            call L6 buffer descriptor function
            break
        case bufldbio confirmation
            call bufldbio confirmation function
            break
        case DDI resume data
            call resume write data function
            break
        default
            return memory to memory pool
            break
    switchend
END

```

4.2.2.1 LCB arrival function

```
lcb_arrival(parameters)
BEGIN
    if DMA return status not ok
        to be defined
    switch on lcb specific function code
        case write connection data
            call write connection data function
            break
        case write expedited data
            call write expedited data function
            break
        case write connectionless data function
            not supported at this time
            break
        case read connection data
            call read connection data function
            break
        case read expedited data
            call read expedited data function
            break
        case read connectionless data
            not supported at this time
            break
        case connect request
            call connect request function
            break
        case connect response
            call connect response function
            break
        case disconnect request
            call disconnect request Function
            break
        case connection indication event
            call connection indication function
            break
        case tsap event indication
            call tsap event indication function
            break
        default
            return memory to memory pool
            break
    switchend
END
```

4.2.2.1.1 Write Connection Data function

```
Write_connect_data(parameters)
BEGIN
  if logical local tsap address invalid
    return lcb with INVALID ADDRESS status and exit
  if connection identifier not in the connection directory
    return lcb with INVALID CONN ID and exit
  if tsap write credit is equal zero
    return lcb with CREDIT EXCEEDED status and exit
  decrement tsap write credit count
  switch on buffer indicator
    case buffer pointer in lcb
      if total range is > sdu size
        return lcb with BUFFER EXCEEDS SDU and exit
      allocate memory to contain the buffer descriptor
      convert it into 'buffer descriptor type'
      if write data buffer ptr is not empty
        link transaction block into TCCB and exit
      put this transaction block into TCCB
      initialize 'write_buf_info'
      call L6 write data buffer management routine
      break
    case data in lcb
      if write data buffer ptr is not empty
        link transaction block into TCCB and exit
      put this WRITE CO transaction block into TCCB
      allocate memory for DDI parameters block
      allocate data buffer
      move data from lcb into data buffer
      set DDI function to T_DATA
      set EOT flag
      call DDI transport function
      break
    case buffer descriptor in L6
      allocate memory for WRITE CO transaction block
      allocate memory for buffer descriptors
      set message parameters
      set message type to write data buffer descriptor
      call DMA module
      break
  switchend
END
```


4.2.2.1.2 Write Expedited Data function

The function assumes that the LCB contains an expedited TSDU, 1 to 16 bytes data in the LCB. Any data pointers in the LCB is invalid.

```
Write_exp_data(parameters)
```

```
BEGIN
  if logical local tsap address invalid
    return lcb with INVALID ADDRESS status and exit
  if connection identifier not in the connection directory
    return lcb with INVALID_CONN_ID and exit
  if expedited option not supported
    return lcb with EXPEDITED NOT SUPPORTED and exit
  if tsap write credit count equal zero
    return lcb with WRITE CREDIT EXCEEDED status and exit
  decrement tsap write credit count
  switch on buffer indicator
    case buffer pointer in lcb
      return lcb with INVALID status
      break
    case data in lcb
      if datasize is zero or greater than 16
        return lcb with INVALID status and exit
      get DDI parameter block
      get data buffer
      move data from lcb into data buffer
      set data size
      set function to T_EXPEDITED_DATA
      call DDI transport function
      return lcb to L6
      release memory
      break
    case buffer descriptor in L6
      return lcb with INVALID status
      break
  switchend
END
```

4.2.2.1.3 Read Connection Data function

```
Read connection(parameters)
BEGIN
  if logical local address invalid
    return lcb with INVALID ADDRESS status and exit
  if connection identifier not in the connection directory
    return lcb with INVALID CONN ID and exit
  if tsap read credit count is equal zero
    return lcb with READ CREDIT EXCEEDED status and exit
  decrement tsap credit count
  switch on buffer indicator
    case buffer pointer in lcb
      if read buffer pointer is not null
        link this buffer pointer and exit
      allocate memory for this buffer descriptor
      put this buffer descriptor to TCCB
      if read data pending
        if total range is < buffer size
          return lcb with BUFTOOSMALL status and exit
          call write data to l6 management function
        break
    case buffer descriptor in l6
      allocate memory for transaction block
      allocate memory for buffer descriptor
      set message parameters
      set message type to read buffer_descriptor
      send message to DMA module
      break
    default
      return lcb with NO BUFFER to L6
      break
  switchend
END
```

4.2.2.1.4 Read expediated Data function

```

read_exp_data(parameters)
BEGIN
  if logical local tsap address invalid
    return lcb with INVALID ADDRESS status and exit
  if connection identifier not in the connection directory
    return lcb with INVALID CONN ID and exit
  if tsap read credit count is equal zero
    return lcb with READ CREDIT EXCEEDED status and exit
  decrement tsap read credit count
  switch on buffer indicator
    case buffer pointer in lcb
      if read expediated buffer ptr is not null
        link this buffer pointer in TCCB and exit
      allocate memory for this buffer descriptor
      put this buffer descriptor into TCCB
      if expediated read data pending
        if total range is < 16
          return lcb with BUFTOOSMALL status and exit
        call L6 read data buffer management routine
      break
    case buffer descriptor in L6
      allocate memory for transaction block
      allocate memory for buffer descriptor
      set message parameters
      set message type to read expediated buffer desc.
      send message to DMA module
      break
    case buffer in lcb
      if buffer size < 16
        return lcb with BUFTOOSMALL status and exit
      if expediated read data pending
        move data into lcb
        set range residue if necessary
        return lcb to L6
        clean up and release memory
      else put this transaction into TCCB
      break
    default
      return lcb with NO BUFFER to L6
      break
  switchend
END

```

4.2.2.1.5 Connect Request function

connect request(parameters)

BEGIN

```

if logical local tsap address not within LTD
    return lcb with BADLCOAL tsap status and exit
if logical remote tsap address not within RTD
    return lcb with BADREMTPE tsap status and exit
if no room in connection directory
    return lcb with NO ROOM status and exit
if there is user data
    switch on data buffer indicator in LCB
        case data in LCB
            not supported
            return LCB with INVALID status and exit
        case data buffer pointer in LCB
            if read buffer is not available
                return lcb with INVALID status and exit
            get memory for CR transaction block
            move read buffer to LCB trans.block
            allocate buffer for data
            set bufio request type
            send message to DMA
            break
        case data buffer descriptor in L6
            get memory for cr transaction block
            allocate memory for both buffer descriptor
            move buffer pointer to transaction block
            set transaction block type to CR_TRANS_BDI
            send message to DMA for buffer descriptor
            break
    switchend
else
    if not read buffer for user data
        return lcb with INVALID status and exit
    increment current connection count in this local tsap
    allocate memory for TCCB
    initialize TCCB
    allocation memory for CR transaction block
    put this CR lcb into TCCB
    Write ID (index to connection directory) into TCCB
    put local local tsap address in this TCCB
    put logical remote tsap address in this TCCB
    build parameters to pass to DDI for connect request
    set expedited option
    set tpdu size from TLIDB
    set source tsap from local tsap
    set desination tsap from remote tsap
    set function to t_connect_request
    set data size to zero
    call DDI transport function

```

END

4.2.2.1.6 Connect Response function

```
Connect_response(parameters)
BEGIN
  If there is no user data
    setup parameters to pass to DDI Transport
    set expedited optin
    set tpdu size from TLIDB
    set function to T_CONNECT_RESP
    set data size and data pointer
    call DDI transport function
    return lcb to l6
  else switch on buffer indicator
    case on data in buffer pointer in LCB
      if buffer range > 32 bytes
        return lcb with DATAINVALID status
        exit
      allocate memory for transaction block
      allocate memory for data buffer
      set transaction and message parameters
      set transaction type to CC BUFIO
      send message to DMA
      break
    case data in LCB
      if datasize > 32 bytes
        return lcb with DATATINVALID status and
        exit
      setup parameters to pass to DDI Transport
      set expedited optin
      set tpdu size from TLIDB
      set function to T_CONNECT_RESP
      set data size and data pointer
      call DDI transport function
      return lcb to l6
      break
    case data in buffer descriptor in L6
      allocate memory for transaction block
      allocate memory for buffer descriptor
      set transaction and message parameters
      set transaction type to CC buffer descr.
      send message to DMA
      break
  switchend
END
```

4.2.2.1.7 Disconnect request function

```
Disconnect request(parameters)
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    If there is no user data
```

```
        set DDI transport paramters
```

```
        set function to T_DISCONNECT
```

```
        set data size to zero
```

```
        call DDI transport function
```

```
        return lcb to L6
```

```
        exit
```

```
    switch on data indicator
```

```
        case on data buffer pointer in LCB
```

```
            allocate memory for transaction block
```

```
            allocate memory for buffer data
```

```
            set transaction and message parameters
```

```
            set transaction type to DISC BUFIO
```

```
            send message to DMA
```

```
            break
```

```
        case data in LCB
```

```
            if data size exceeds 64 bytes
```

```
                set DDI transport parameters
```

```
                set function to T_DISCONNECT
```

```
                set data size
```

```
                call DDI transport function
```

```
                return lcb to L6
```

```
                break
```

```
        case data in buffer descriptor in L6
```

```
            get memory for transaction block
```

```
            get memory for buffer descriptor
```

```
            set transaction and message parameters
```

```
            set transaction type to DIC buffer desc
```

```
            send message to DMA
```

```
            break
```

```
    switchend
```

```
END
```

4.2.2.1.8 Connection Indication Event

```
Connection_indication_event(parameters)
BEGIN
  if connection identifier is not valid
    return INVALID_CONN_ID and exit
  if event lcb pointer not null in TCCB
    return old event lcb with new mask to 16 and exit
  switch on connection event mask
    case normal data arrival
      get TCCB with the connection id
      if data arrival pending flag is on
        set data length to SDU size in LCB
        return lcb to L6 and exit
      put the connection event LCB into TCCB
      break
    case normal write credit available
      call credit control function
      if return value positive
        move available credits to lcb
        set event mask to amount of addition credit
        return lcb to 16 and exit
      put this connection event lcb into TCCB
      break
    case disconnect indication
      if no user data buffer available
        return lcb with INVALID status and exit
      switch on data indicator
        case on data in LCB
          not supported
          return lcb with INVALID status
          break
        case data buffer in LCB
          get TCCB with connection identifier
          if disconnect flag is pending
            move reason code from TCCB
            set event mask to reason code
            clear disconnect pending flag
            if user data available
              allocate transaction block
              move data pointer to tr block
              set parameters for BUFLCBIO
              send message to DMA
              break
            return lcb to 16 and exit
          put connection event LCB in TCCB
          break
    default
      return this lcb with INVALID MASK status
      clear connection event lcb pointer in TCCB
      break
  switchend
END
```

4.2.2.1.9 Tsap Event Indication
tsap_event(parameters)

BEGIN

```

switch on tsap event mask
  case connection indication
    if not user data available
      return lcb with INVALID and exit
  switch on data indicator
    case data in lcb
      not supported
      return lcb with INVALID and exit
    case data buffer pointer in LCB
      if connection indication queue not null
        get the TCCB with connection id
        put connection identifier in lcb
        put logical remote tsap addr in lcb
        set expedited option
        put qos in lcb
        if user data in this connect request
          allocation memory for BUFLCBIO
          set message parameters
          move data pointer into lcb
          move write credit to lcb
          unlink event indication queue
          set message to BUFLCBIO
          send message to DMA
          break
        set message parameters
        move write credit to lcb
        unlink event indication queue
        return lcb to l6 and exit
      put this lcb into tsap event pointer
      break
    case on data buffer descriptor in L6
      allocate memory for transaction block
      allocate memory buffer descriptor
      set transaction and message parameters
      set transaction type to tsap event bd
      send message to DMA
      break
  case tsap deactivated
    if deactivated tsap queue is not empty
      move TSAP Deactivated Reason into lcb
      return lcb to l6
    break
  default
    return lcb with UNKNOWN MASK status
    break
switchend

```

END

4.2.2.2 Network Data Indicate

```
Network_data_indicate(parameters)
BEGIN
    build parameters for DDI to understand
    return message to memory pool
    call DDI T_network()
END
```

4.2.2.3 Data BUFIO arrival function

Data BUFIO arrival (parameters)

BEGIN

```
    switch on transaction type
      case connect request
        retrieve all logical tsap address from LCB
        increment current connection count
        allocate memory for TCCB
        initialize TCCB
        put CR transaction block to TCCB
        add TCCB to connection directory
        release data buffer arrival message
        build parameters to pass to DDI for CR
        call DDI
        break
      case read CO data confirmation
        call normal data confirmation function
        break
      case eot read CO data confirmation
        call eot normal read data confirmation
        break
      case write CO data
        call normal tpdu data arrival function
        break
      case eot write CO data
        call eot normal tpdu data arrival function
        break
      case write expedited data
        call expedited data arrival function
        break
      case eot write expedited data
        call eot expedited data arrival function
        break
      case disconnect request
        call disconnect user data arrival function
        break
      case connect response
        call connect response data arrival function
        break
      default
        break
    switchend
```

END

4.2.2.3.1 Normal tpdu data arrival function

```
Normal tpdu(parameters)
BEGIN
    if DDI transport flow control flag is on
        queue this tpdu for later and exit
    set transport id
    move data pointer into DDI parameter block
    set function = T_DATA
    call DDI transport function
    call L6 write data buffer mangement routine
END
```

4.2.2.3.2 Eot normal tpdu data arrival function

```
eot normal tpdu(parameters)
BEGIN
    if DDI transport flow control flag is on
        queue this tpdu for later and exit
    set transport id
    move data pointer into DDI parameter block
    set function = T_DATA
    set eot flag on
    call DDI transport function
    call return write CO lcb to L6
    unlink write CO from queue
    if normal write CO data queue is not empty
        call L6 write data buffer mangement routine
END
```

4.2.2.3.3 Expedited tpdu data arrival function

```
Expedited tpdu(parameters)
BEGIN
  if DDI transport flow control flag is on
    queue this tpdu for later
  else
    set transport id
    move data pointer into DDI parameter block
    set function = T_EXPEDITED_DATA
    call DDI transport function
    set expedited flag on
    call L6 write data buffer mangement routine
END
```

4.2.2.3.4 Eot expedited write tpdu data arrival function

```
eot expedited tpdu(parameters)
BEGIN
  if DDI transport flow control flag is on
    queue this tpdu for later
  else
    set transport id
    move data pointer into DDI parameter block
    set function = T_EXPEDITED_DATA
    set eot flag on
    call DDI transport function
    call return expedited write CO lcb to L6
    unlink expedited write CO from queue
    if expedited write CO data queue is not empty
      set expedited flag
    call L6 write data buffer mangement routine
END
```

4.2.2.3.5 Read tpdu data confirmation function

```
Read tpdu conf(parameters)
BEGIN
    release the transaction block
    release data buffer to memory
END
```

4.2.2.3.6 EOT normal tpdu data confirmation function

```
EOT tpdu data conf(parameters)
BEGIN
    return Read CO lcb to L6
    unlink Read CO from queue
    clean up and release all memory
END
```

4.2.2.3.7 Disconnect user data arrival function

```
Discnect data(parameters)
BEGIN
    set DDI transport parameters
    set function to T_DISCONNECT
    set data size
    call DDI transport function
    return disconnect request lcb to L6
END
```

4.2.2.3.9 Connect Response data arrival function

```
Connect response data(parameters)
BEGIN
    setup parameters to pass to DDI Transport
    set expedited optin
    set tpdu size from TLIDB
    set function to T_CONNECT_RESP
    set data size and data pointer
    call DDI transport function
    return lcb to l6
END
```

4.2.2.4 L6 buffer descriptor arrival function

L6 bfdes(parameters)

BEGIN

```
    switch on transaction type
      case read CO data
        call read CO data bd arrival function
        break
      case read expedited CO data
        call read expedited data bd arrival function
        break
      case write CO data
        call write CO data bd arrival function
        break
      case write expedited Co data
        call write expedited bd arrival function
        break
      case connect request
        call connect request bd arrival function
        break
      case disconnect request
        call disconnect request bd arrival function
        break
      case tsap event indicator
        call tsap event bd arrival function
        break
      case connect response
        call connect response bd arrival function
        break
      default
        break
    switchend
```

END

4.2.2.4.1 Read CO data buffer descriptor arrival function

```

Read CO bfdes(parameters)
BEGIN
    initialize 'read_buf_info'
    if read buffer pointer is not null
        link this buffer pointer and exit
    put this buffer descriptor into TCCB
    if read data pending
        if total range is < buffer size
            return lcb with BUFTOOSMALL status and exit
        call L6 read data buffer management routine
        with normal data flag on
END

```

4.2.2.4.2 Read Expedited data buffer descriptor arrival function

```

Read Exped bfdes(parameters)
BEGIN
    if read expedited buffer ptr is not null
        link this buffer pointer in TCCB and exit
    put this buffer descriptor into TCCB
    if expedited read data pending
        if total range is < buffer size
            return lcb with BUFTOOSMALL status and exit
        get memory for BUFIO transactio block
        move data into buffer
        set transaction type to EXPED_READ_CO
        if range residue if necessary
        send message to DMA
END

```

4.2.2.4.3 Write CO data buffer descriptor arrival function

```

Write CO bfdes(parameters)
BEGIN
    if total range is > sdu size
        return lcb with BUFFER_EXCEEDS_SDU and exit
    initialize 'write_buf_info'
    if write CO buffer ptr is not null
        link this buffer ptr into queue and exit
    put this buffer pointer into TCCB queue
    call L6 write data buffer management routine
    with normal data flag on
END

```

4.2.2.4.4 Write Expedited CO data buffer descriptor arrival function

```

Write Exped bufdes(parameters)
BEGIN
    if total range is > sdu size
        return lcb with BUFFER_EXCEEDS_SDU and exit
    if write data buffer ptr is not empty
        link this buffer pointer in TCCB and exit
    get memory for BUFIO transaction block
    get memory for data buffer
    set transaction type to EXPED_WRITE
    send message to DMA
END

```

4.2.2.4.5 Connect request data buffer descriptor arrival function

```

Connect request bfdes(parameters)
BEGIN
    get memory for CR transaction block
    move write/read buffers into CR trans.block
    allocate buffer for data
    set bufio request type
    send message to DMA
END

```

4.2.2.4.6 Disconnect Request data buffer descriptor arrival function

```

Disconnect bfdes(parameters)
BEGIN
    allocate memory for discon transaction block
    allocate memory for buffer data
    set transaction and message parameters
    set transaction type to DISC BUFIO
    send message to DMA
END

```

4.2.2.4.7 TSAP Event data buffer descriptor arrival function

```

TSAP bfdes(parameters)
BEGIN
    scan each TCCB for this tsap
    if connection indication queue not null
        get the TCCB with connection id
        put connection identifier in lcb
        put logical remote tsap addr in lcb
        set expedited option
        put qos in lcb
        if user data in in this connect request
            allocation memory for BUFLCBIO
            set message parameters
            move data pointer into lcb
            move write credit to lcb
            unlink event indication queue
            set message to BUFLCBIO
            send message to DMA
            exit
        else
            set message parameters
            move write credits into lcb
            unlink event indication queue
            set message lcb to l6
            send message to DMA
    else put this buffer descriptor into tsap event queue
END

```


4.2.2.4.8 Connect Response data buffer descriptor arrival function

```

Connect response bfdes(parameters)
BEGIN
    if buffer range > 32 bytes
        return lcb with DATAINVALID status
        exit
    allocate memory for transaction block
    allocate memory for data buffer
    set transaction and message parameters
    set transaction type to CC BUFIO
    send message to DMA
END

```

4.2.2.5 Data BUFIOX arrival function

```

Data BUFIOX arrival (parameters)
BEGIN
    switch on transaction type
        case Write CO data
            call normal tpdu data arrival function
            break
        case Expedited Write Co data
            call expedited tpdu data arrival function
            break
        case read CO data confirmation
            call read CO data confirmation function
            break
        case eot write CO data
            call eot normal tpdu data arrival function
            break
        case eot expedited write data
            call eot expedited write data arrival function
            break
        case disconnect request
            call disconnect user data arrival function
            break
        case connect response
            call connect response data arrival function
            break
        case read expedited CO data
            call expedited tpdu data arrival function
            break
        default
            break
    switchend
END

```

4.2.2.5 Lcb to L6 return confirmation function

```
Lcb to L6 confirm(parameters)
BEGIN
    clean up and release all memory
END
```

4.2.2.6 BUFLCBIO to L6 return confirmation function

```
buflcbio to l6(parameters)
BEGIN
    clean up and release all memory
END
```

4.2.2.7 DDI resume write data function

```
Resume(parameters)
BEGIN
    If there is data queue up in the TCCB
        get DDI parameters block
        set parameters
        set function to T_DATA
        call DDI transport function
    else call L6 write data buffer mangement routine
END
```

4.3 DDI Transport Network Request

```
N_Network(netw)
struct fpt_netw *netw
BEGIN
    allocate memory to send message to network layer
    format message
    enter parameters to message
    send message
END
```

4.4 DDI Transport Indication Function

```

DDI_Transport(fpt)
    struct fpt_tran *fpt
BEGIN
    switch on fpt->function
        case T_CONNECT_REQ
            get local tsap number from LTD with pid
            get activated tsap directory from local tsap
            call search remote tsap selector name from RTD
            if name not found
                if dynamic configuration not allowed
                    call disconnect request to DDI and exit
            if remote directory has no room
                call disconnect request to DDI and exit
            if current connection count equal to max
                call disconnect request to DDI and exit
            allocate memory for dynamic remote tsap
            add entry into the remote directory
            increment next remote directory entry pointer
            increment activated remote tsap count
            initialize this remote tsap
            allocate transport connection control block(TCCB)
            attach TCCB to connection directory
            increment current connection count
            initialize TCCB(see connect request)
            if tsap event pointer is null in this tsap
                set tsap event pending flag = connection
                set logical local tsap address in connect ind
                set connection id in connect indicate
                and exit
            if tsap event mask in not connection indicate
                same as above
            put connection id in lcb
            put logical remote tsap address in lcb
            set expedited option to expedited flag
            put qos in lcb
            if user data in this connect request
                move data in lcb
                set data indicator flag on in lcb
            copy write credit to lcb
            return lcb to l6
            break

```

```
case T_CONNECT_RESP
  call DDI with connection identifier to obtain
    local tsap #, connection directory index
  get connection TCCB
  get connect request lcb from TCCB
  move in all parameters from connection parameters
  to lcb output parameters
    . connection identifier = DDI connection id
    . expedited option
    . quality of service
    . max.SDU size
    . CO read credit = the smaller of cc tdpu or
      cr tpdu
    . CO write credit
  if remote user data in this cc tpdu
    if output buffer is not available
      set lcb status with NOROOM for DATA
      return cr lcb to l6
      set cr lcb in TCCB to null and exit
  setup message to transfer remote user data
  to output buffer.
  set up message to return lcb to l6
  set cr lcb in TCCB to null

break
```

```
case T_DISCONNECT
  call DDI with connection id to obtain local
    tsap and connection directory index
  if connect request lcb still outstanding
    move in all parameters into
    set status to disconnection reason
    return lcb to l6
    release TCCB
    remove connection id from connection directory
    decrement local tsap connection count
    exit
  if there is no connection event available
    set disconnect pending flag on
    copy disconnect reason into TCCB and exit
  if connection event mask is not disconnect
    set disconnection pending flag on
    copy disconnect reason into TCCB and exit
  move parameters into connect event lcb
  send message to return lcb to l6
  release TCCB memory to memory pool
  break
case T_DATA
  get connection TCCB
  if read data buffer descriptor is null
    if connection event is null
      return to DDI with status to queue tpdu
    if connection event is not normal data arrival
      return to DDI with status to queue tpdu
  if total range is < data size
    return to DDI with status to queue tpdu
  call L6 write data buffer management routine
  return to DDI with good status
  break
```

```
case T_EXPEDITED
  get connection TCCB
  if expedited buffer is null
    break
  switch on buffer indicator
    case buffer pointer in lcb
      allocation bufiolcb transaction block
      move data pointer into transaction block
      clean up and release memory
      send message to DMA return data and lcb
      break
    case buffer in lcb
      move data into lcb
      return lcb to L6
      clean up and relase memory
      break
    case buffer point in L6
      allocate bufiox transaction block
      move data pointer inot trans. block
      clean up and release memory
      send message to DMA
      break
case T_FLOW
  get connection TCCB
  set transmit data flow control flag on
  break
case T_FLOW_STOP
  allocate memory for message to send to itself
  to wait up to continue to perform transfer across
  Level 6 memory
  set message to resume send data
  set local tsap address and connection id
  break
default
  break
```

END

4.5 Common Supporting Routines

4.5.1 IOLD Handler(parameters)

This message sent by IO Dispatcher indicating an iold arrival.
This is common routine for all processes.

IOLD handler(parameters)

BEGIN

Allocate memory for transport transaction block
allocate memory for LCBI
move level 6 address and range into LCBIO
save level address and range for return
move 6 bit channel number into LCBIO
save channel number for return
clear interrupt level to zero
setup the other message parameters
release iold message to memory pool
send message to DMA to bring in LCB

END

4.5.2 L6 transmit data buffer management

This function will copy the host data into the Lacs buffer one TPDU at a time. The following structure is needed to operate the read Level 6 data and it must be in the TCCB. The caller of this function must setup the first buffer address, range and the total range when it calls for the first time. After that it is the responsibility of this function to update the current buffer information. The main function is the segmentation of data from a list of L6 buffer descriptors; build a L6 buffer descriptor list that DMA module can understand; keep track of each L6 buffer descriptor being used;

```

struct write_buf_info
  BEGIN
    ushort   curbuf      current working buffer number
    ushort   buyleft     number of outstanding buffers
    ulong    total_range total ranges in all buffers
    -        ulong      cur_address current buffer working address
    ulong    cur_range   current buffer working range
    BDI      *wr_bdi_blk ptr to write buffer descriptor
  END

```

```

struct bdi
  BEGIN
    ushort   count      number of buffers
    struct bufdes
      BEGIN
        ulong   buf_adres  buffer address
        ulong   buf_ind    buffer indicator
        ulong   buf_range  buffer range
        ulong   buf_rsr    buffer residual range
      END bdides[count]
  END

```

```
L6_write_data(tctx,flag)
BEGIN
  if flag is NORMAL
    get normal write data ptr from TCCB
  else get expedited write data ptr from TCCB
  get transaction block from TCCB
  move in local tsap number into transaction block
  move in connection id into transaction block
  if total_range > tpdusize
    BEGIN
      ptr = allocate buffer memory sizeof tpdusize
      move ptr to message bufdes pointer
      total_range = total_range - tpdusize
      if cur_range > tpdusize
        BEGIN
          move buffer descriptor information into BUFIO
          transaction block
          update current working address and range
          set transaction type = NORMAL_WRITE
          send message to DMA
        END
      else if current range == tpdusize
        BEGIN
          move buffer descriptor information into BUFIO
          transaction block
          increment the current buffer count by 1
          copy next buffer descriptor information into
          current working address and range
          set transaction type to EOT_WRITE_CO
          send message to DMA
        END
      END
    END
  END
```

```
else current range is < tpuysize
BEGIN
  n = find the size of the buffer descriptor to be
  build for DMA
  if n =< 9
    move buffer descriptor information into BUFIO
    transaction block
    move buffer descriptor information into
    BUFIO transaction block
    set message type to BUFIO
  else
    get sizeof (16_DES * n + 2) memory to build a
    list of buffer descriptor for BUFIOX
    transaction block
    set message type to BUFIOX
    move buffer descriptor information into the
    list
  update current working buffer range and address
  update current working buffer count if necessary
  set transaction type to NORMAL WRITE CO
  send message to DMA module
END
```

```
    else total range =< tpdusize
    BEGIN
        ptr = allocate buffer memory sizeof total range
        move ptr to message bufdes pointer
        if buyleft =< 9
            move buffer descriptor information into BUFIO
            transaction block
            set message type to BUFIO
        else
            get sizeof(L6_DES * buyleft + 2) memory to build a
            list of buffer descriptor for BUFIOX transaction
            block
            move buffer descriptor information into the list
            set message type to BUFIOX
            set transaction type to EOT_WRITE_CO
            send message to DMA
        endif
    END
END
```

4.5.3 L6 Receive data buffer management

This function will write LACS buffer data into L6 host memory one TPDU at a time. The following structure is needed to operate the write data into L6 and it must be in the TCCB. The caller of this function must setup the first buffer address, range and the total range when it calls for the first time. After that it is the responsibility of this function to update the current buffer information. Alos, it is the caller 's responsibility to make sure there is room in L6 memory to hold the user's data. This function assumed there is always room. The main function is the reassembly of data to a list of L6 buffer descriptors; build a L6 buffer descriptor list that DMA module used; keep track of each L6 buffer descriptor being used;

```

struct read_buf_info
  BEGIN
    ushort   curbuf      current working buffer number
    ushort   bufleft    number of outstanding buffers
    ulong    total_range total ranges in all buffers
    ulong    cur_address current buffer working address
    ulong    cur_range   current buffer working range
    BDI      *rd_bdi_blk ptr to read buffer descriptor
  END

struct bdi
  BEGIN
    ushort   count      number of buffers
    struct bufdes
      BEGIN
        ulong   buf_adres  buffer address
        ulong   buf_ind    buffer indicator
        ulong   buf_range  buffer range
        ulong   buf_rsr    buffer residual range
      END bddes[count]
  END

```

```
L6_read_data(tctx, datasize, flag)
BEGIN
  if flag is NORMAL
    get normal write data ptr from TCCB
  else get expedited write data ptr from TCCB
  get transaction block from TCCB
  move in local tsap number into transaction block
  move in connection id into transaction block
  if total_range > datasize
    BEGIN
      ptr = allocate buffer memory sizeof datasize
      move ptr to message bufdes pointer
      total_range = total_range - datasize
      if cur_range > datasize
        BEGIN
          move buffer descriptor information into BUFIO
          transaction block
          update current working address and range
          if flag is equal read CO
            set transaction type to READ_CO
          else
            set transaction type to EOT_READ_CO
            update buffer residue range
          send message to DMA
        END
      END
    END
  END
```

```
else if current range == datasize
BEGIN
    move buffer descriptor information into BUFIO
    transaction block
    increment the current buffer count by 1
    copy next buffer descriptor information into
    current working address and range
    if flag equals to read CO
        set transaction type to READ_CO
    else
        set transaction type to EOT_READ_CO
        update buffer residue range
    send message to DMA
END
```

```
else current range is < datasize
BEGIN
  n = find the size of the buffer descriptor to be
  build for DMA
  if n =< 9
    move buffer descriptor information into BUFIO
    transaction block
    move buffer descriptor information into
    BUFIO transaction block
    set message type to BUFIO
  else
    get sizeof (16_DES * n + 2) memory to build a
    list of buffer descriptor for BUFIOX
    transaction block
    set message type to BUFIOX
    move buffer descriptor information into the
    list
  update current working buffer range and address
  update current working buffer count if necessary
  if flag equals to read CO
    set transaction type to READ_CO
  else
    set transaction type to EOT_READ_CO
    update buffer residue range
  send message to DMA module
END
```



```
else total range is equal to datasize
BEGIN
  ptr = allocate buffer memory sizeof total range
  move ptr to message bufdes pointer
  if bufleft =< 9
    move buffer descriptor information into BUFIO
    transaction block
    set message type to BUFIO
  else
    get sizeof(L6_DES * bufleft + 2) memory to build a
    list of buffer descriptor for BUFIOX transaction
    block
    move buffer descriptor information into the list
    set message type to BUFIOX
  set total range = 0
  set transaction type to EOT_READ_CO
  send message to DMA
END
END
```

- 4.5.6 Update statistics ,bump state by one. The statistics is kept on a tsap basis.

T_note(parameters)

BEGIN

get the local tsap table with the parameter
switch on parameter

```

case NDOCTSENT
    ndtoctent++
    break
case NDOCTRECD
    ndtoctrecd++
    break
case EDTOCTSENT
    edtoctsent++
    break
case EDTOCTRECD
    edtoctrecd++
    break
case TPDUSENT
    tpdusent++
    break
case TPDURESENT
    tpduresent++
    break
case TPDURECD
    tpdurecd++
    break
case DTPDRESENT
    dtpdresent++
    break
case ATPDRESENT
    atpdresent++
    break
case DISCONNREQ
    disconnreq++
    break
case OPNCONNECT
    opnconnect++
    break
case RFCONNECT1
    rfconnect1++
    break
case RFCONNECT2
    rfconnect2++
    break
case ICONNECTOK
    iconnectok++
    break
case OCONNECTOK
    oconnectok++
    break

```

```
case OCONNECTNO
  oconnectno++
  break
case CONNTIMOUT
  conntimout++
  break
case CREQRESENT
  creqresent++
  break
case ERTPROTOCOL
  ertprotocol++
  T_event(TEPROTOCOL)
  break
case ERINVTPDUS
  erinvtpdus++
  break
case TEBADABORT
  tebadabort++
  T_event(TEBADABORT)
  break
default
  break
```

END

4.5.7 Event Notification Routine Report an event to System Management

```
T_event(parameters)
BEGIN
END
```

4.6 Modification to DDI Transport Function

4.6.1 Tsap selector Initialization

The DDI has an array of local tsap each contains a tsap selector (suffix), a PID and a routine entry pointer for DDI to call.

```
struct convsuffix consuff[]
struct convsuffix
    short suffix
    long pid
    int (*sentry())
```

The suffix is administratively setup and PID is entered by invoking T_Init_req primitive call to DDI Transport. This structure is used for remote initiated connect request acceptance purpose. If the called tsap id is not found or the PID is null in the array then the remote initiated connect request will not be accepted. They are incompatible with the Lacs setup environment. It must be modified to accommodate the Lacs requirement. The modification are as follow:

The size of the array is passed in startup parameters, by the System Management. Each entry to this array is the local tsap number which is an index to the local tsap directory. Therefore the suffix will become the local tsap selector of the local tsap, and the PID will be the local tsap directory index number. This will quicken the search for the remote tsap selector and identify the local connection directory easy. Also, there is no need sentry entry requirement since the DDI call is known within the layer.

4.6.2 DDI buffer Management

When the session layer or the network layer hands the DDI a pdu the DDI transport will return the pdu for the called layer to release the associated pdu buffer. In case the DDI transport has to holdback the pdu for retransmission or the data cannot send to session layer it copies the data before return to caller. This is a costly performance penalty. Therefore the copy business must be modified. In the transmit data case a copy of the buffer descriptor is passed to the network layer so that it can be released by the network layer. In case of the receive data it is the responsibility of the transport to release the buffer. No the original buffer will not be returned to the network on the return call.

4.6.3 DDI SDU Segmentation

The T_SAVE_DT function performs segmenting a single data TSDU into multiple TPDU's before actually sending them to remote entity. This function assumes that the user passes a complete TSDU and therefore it inserts eot on the last TPDU. This causes problem with buffer resource management. In case of large file transfer it will take away our entire buffer resources. This routine must be modified to accept one TPDU data and set eot according to the user's wish.